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Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

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General Agreement On Cease Fire Line

COMMENDABLE PROGRESS AT KARACHI CONFERENCE

Many Differences Still Remain

KARACHI, July 19. (PTI-Reuters)

MILITARY representatives of India and Pakistan at a meeting here today reached general agreement on the major part of a cease-fire line in the disputed State of Kashmir, it was authoritatively learned here tonight.

Tehri-Garhwal To Merge With U.P. On Aug. 1

NEW DELHI, July 19 (PTI)

THE Government of India have decided to integrate Tehri-Garhwal State with the United Provinces with effect from August 1, 1949, the Ministry of States announced today.

The States Ministry announcement said: "As a result of the recent negotiations between the Ministry of States and the Ruler of Tehri-Garhwal regarding the political future of this State, the Ruler has executed an agreement ceding to the Government of India full jurisdiction power and authority in respect of the governance of his State."

In consultation with the Ministry of the State and with the concurrence of the Government of the United Provinces, the Government of India have decided to integrate this State with the United Provinces with effect from August 1, 1949.

Tehri-Garhwal State, which lies to the north-west of the United Provinces has an area of 4,315 square miles and a population of four lakhs.

Framing Constitution For States

DELEGATION OF POWER TO ASSEMBLY EXPECTED

NEW DELHI, July 19, (PTI-Reuters)

THE Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly and High Officials of the States and Law Ministry deliberated today for five hours to put into shape various amendments to the articles of the Indian Constitution designed to place the internal administrative and political set-up of the States and States Unions and the provinces on the same footing.

Dr. Ambedkar, Chairman of the Drafting Committee, presided. Sir B. N. Rau, Constitutional Adviser to the Government of India, and Mr. V. P. Menon, Adviser to the States Ministry were also present.

The meeting followed the conference of the Premiers of the States and State Unions held yesterday which agreed to a uniform constitutional set-up for the provinces and the States and States Unions.

THE DIFFERENCE

The proposed chapter in the constitution implementing the recommendations will, if it is understood, contain provisions relating to the provinces will be a single article stating that the provisions relating to the provinces will also apply to the States, subject to the modifications mentioned in a new schedule. This schedule will detail the differences between the provinces and the States such as the provision for Rajpramukhs, privy purses to the rulers and their powers. The schedule is also likely to contain provisions with reference to certain guarantees given by the Government of India to the States and the States Unions under covenants.

In view of the fact that the States Premiers' Conference has agreed to the inclusion of the provisions relating to the internal set-up of the

No 'Dry' Religion

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Christians, Parsis and Jews in Bombay province will be allowed the use of wine for sacramental purposes when total prohibition is introduced in April next, it was learnt here.

The Bombay Cabinet at a meeting here yesterday is understood to have approved the recommendations of the Sacramental Wine Committee to this effect.

Unindian Activities?

BANARAS, July 19 (UPI): Three lady teachers of a local girls school have been dismissed for their alleged Communist activities.

One of the teachers, it is reported has filed a suit against the Secretary of the institution for this action against her.

The points in dispute—which results from the fluid state of the front at the time of the cease-fire on New Year's Day—are two positions near Patana, 18 miles south-east of Nowshera, North-West Frontier Province, and a line in the sector from Keran to Tithwal, in Kashmir.

The conference has decided that the present discussions, which will continue tomorrow, are to be in three stages, dealing with one part of the front at a time.

IN DETAIL

As the joint military talks entered second day today, both Indian and Pakistani delegations came to grips with details on the actual positions held by both sides on the first day of the cease-fire. Press Trust of India's correspondent in Karachi reported today.

For nearly four hours this morning, both sides offered arguments and counter-arguments in support of occupation by each of certain positions which are now in dispute. Both sides, it is understood, have claimed to have been in occupation of some of these positions on the first day of the cease-fire.

These included a few strategic hill positions along the present cease-fire line. These discussions were seriously handicapped by lack of good maps, giving detailed survey of the features in the areas under dispute. Even a one-inch map with the help of which today's discussions were carried on, could not help the military representatives in appreciating real location of certain hill features, which were claimed by both India and Pakistan.

It is presumed that some of the disputes may be referred to local commanders for adjustments, while a few others of a major nature may be investigated by the Commission's representatives themselves.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

A statement issued by the Kashmir Truce Sub-Committee said that general agreement was reached on a cease-fire line from Manavar to Keran with three points of difference still to be settled. These three points concern two positions, one near Patana, eighteen miles south-east of Nowshera, and the other along the line in the sector from Tithwal to Keran.

These points will be considered again in detail tomorrow. A report at this stage would probably include the results of the conference which began at Karachi yesterday, it was said.

Meanwhile, the work of supplementing the corps of military observers with the Commission continues. Three Canadian Army officers loaned by the Canadian Government to the United Nations have arrived at Lake Success on their way to Kashmir. They are flying to Karachi today and will report to the Kashmir Commission by the end of the week.

DOLLAR AID FOR EAST INDIES

WASHINGTON, July 19 (UPI)—Informed quarters reported that U.S. officials are considering the release of 10,000,000 dollars in economic aid to the Netherlands East Indies.

They said it is expected that this assistance would be authorized as soon as American officials felt the Dutch and Indonesians had really settled their differences. The consensus here was that the present outlook was favourable and authorization might be forthcoming within a few weeks.

The assistance would be given under the Economic Co-operation Administration which last December cut off authorizations for the Indies after the Dutch undertook their "police action."

FLOODS HIT SIRHIND

30 Villages Inundated

PATIALA, July 19 (PTI)—Sirhind, a flourishing business centre, 30 miles from Patiala, and its surrounding areas have been seriously affected by floods caused by a breach in the bund protecting the town. Merchandise worth several lakhs of rupees—including stocks of wheat, gram, pulses, sugar and other essential commodities—has been totally destroyed.

About 30 villages on the Patiala-Sultanpur road have been inundated by flood water. Some of these villages are reported to have been washed away.

Patiala town recorded a heavy shower again today. Starting at two in the morning, it rained the whole day. Some of the cracked houses in the town crumbled during today's rains.

Food Commissioners For Provinces

BOMBAY, Tuesday: Provincial Governments have been asked by the Government of India to appoint Food Commissioners. It was learnt here today.

The functions and powers of provincial Food Commissioners are still under correspondence.

THE HAGUE, July 19 (PTI-Reuters): Royal Dutch Airlines (KLM) will divert to their old Amsterdam-Batavia route tomorrow following the lifting of the ban on Dutch aircraft entering Indian and Pakistan territory.

Constellation aircraft will call at Cairo, Basrah, Karachi, Calcutta, Bangkok and Singapore.

Commons Back At Heckling On Debt To India

TORIES TALK OF BRITAIN SENDING A BILL!

LONDON, July 19 (PTI-Reuters).

MR. Douglas Jay, Economic Secretary to the Treasury, denied in Parliament today that only 200,000,000 sterling of 300,000,000 sterling of India's sterling balances in Britain remained to be repaid.

Mr. Thomas Reid (Labour) had asked how Britain's debt to India of about 1,200,000,000 sterling contracted during the war in the defence, 'inter alia', of the Commonwealth and empire had been liquidated to date.

He also asked if Britain alone, by unrequited exports or otherwise, had borne the cost of liquidation to date. Mr. Jay replied: "Financial talks with the Government of India are at present in progress and we expect to make a statement when they are concluded."

Mr. Oliver Crosthwaite-Evans (Conservative): "What is the proportion of this debt which is now being liquidated? Is it true that out of £1,200 million only some two or three hundred million pounds remain to be paid?" Mr. Jay: "No, that is not true, but the Chancellor of the Exchequer thought it best to give full details when these talks are concluded."

INTERIM SETTLEMENT

Mr. Oliver Stanley (Conservative) asked whether the talks related to a permanent settlement of the whole problem or dealt merely with another interim release of some of the balances. Mr. Jay said the talks were mainly devoted to another interim period. Mr. Alfred Edwards (Independent Labour): "Are there still any accounts to be submitted on contra account for services rendered during the same period?"

(Continued on Page 7)

W. BENGAL PEOPLE AGAINST INTERIM ELECTIONS

Congress Executive Gauges Disapproval

FURTHER CONSULTATIONS WITH LOCAL LEADERS

NEW DELHI, July 19 (PTI).

THE Congress Working Committee, after two and a half hours sitting today, adjourned till July 27. The West Bengal issue and the Madras Ministerial affairs will be again taken up, together with other undischarged items on the agenda, when the Committee reassembles.

The Committee, which met under the chairmanship of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel decided to circulate the Agrarian Reforms Committee's report among its members for study before reaching any conclusion on it.

Gruesome Find In Eastern Calcutta

CALCUTTA, July 19 (PTI)

MYSTERY, surrounds the recovery of 10-day of fourteen human bodies—cut into pieces and packed in nine bundles—from a tank in the Entally area in the eastern part of Calcutta.

Two of the bundles were found floating in the water early in the morning. The police, on being informed, made a thorough search of the tank, and found seven more bundles, containing skulls, pieces of bones and trunk of human bodies.

The local people could not throw any light on the discoveries. No identity, either of age or sex, could be ascertained because of the highly decomposed condition of the bodies.

The officer in charge of the Entally police station, who conducted the search in the tank, told the Press Trust of India that no murder case had been reported within his jurisdiction during the current year. The police, however, believed that the victims were secretly murdered about a week ago, and the bodies cut into pieces had been hidden somewhere else, and moved to the tank only recently, presumably last night.

The Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, who is still indisposed, Mr. S. K. Patil (Bombay), Mr. Govind Ballabh Pant (U.P.) and Mr. Dewansh Sharma (Assam) could not be present at today's meeting.

The Madras Premier, Mr. Kumaraswamy Raja, is expected in Delhi tomorrow in connection with the Premier's Conference. The Congress High Command, it is understood, would hear Mr. Raja before undertaking any investigation.

Mr. N. R. Sarkar, Acting Premier of Bengal, is also expected here tomorrow and discussions would take place with him on the steps which the Working Committee would like to take in the Province.

According to the U.P.I. The Committee is also understood to have discussed the relationship between the Provincial Congress Committees and the Provincial Congress Committees. No conclusion was reached on this question also as it was felt that the matter required consultation between the Provincial Premiers who will be in Delhi this week and the Congress High Command.

The Working Committee, however, is reported to have suggested that in order to check the growth of fascist tendencies which have lately manifested among the members of different provincial legislatures, the Central Parliamentary Board should exercise stricter supervision and control over them.

BENGAL SITUATION

It is understood reports have reached the Congress High Command that the Congress Working Committee's suggestion for an interim general election in West Bengal as early as possible, has not been well-received by a large section of the people of West Bengal.

Dr. B. C. Roy has already issued a press statement strongly opposing the suggestion of an interim election. The West Bengal Government is also reported to have drawn the attention of the Congress High Command to the difficulties and dangers of having an interim general election in Bengal in the next few months' time. It is understood that in view of this volume of disapproval, the Congress Working Committee felt that it would be expedient to have further

(Continued on Page 4)

Enquiry Into Plane Crash

7 WITNESSES EXAMINED

Dutchman Discredits Sabotage Theory

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE joint team of officials of the Indian Civil Aviation and Dutch aeronautical experts which is holding an inquiry into the disastrous crash of the K.L.M. Constellation "Franklin" on Tuesday last on the Powai Hills met 'in camera' today at the Aeronautical Inspectors Office at the Santa Cruz Airport.

Seven witnesses who were examined today are either aviation men and technicians who witnessed the ill-fated plane making a futile attempt to land at the Santa Cruz Airport or are acquainted with the weather conditions and the serviceability of the aeroplane on that day.

The inquiry committee includes Mr. K. M. Raja, Deputy Director-General of Civil Aviation in India, Mr. K. L. Puri, Director of Aeronautical Inspection, Mr. N. S. Kamminga, Chief of the Accident Investigation Section to Netherlands Civil Aviation Department, Prof. V. A. Vening Meinesz, Director, Netherlands Aeronautical Department and Prof. H. I. Van Der Maas, Aeronautical Engineering Expert of the Netherlands Government. The inquiry is still incomplete.

NO SABOTAGE

POONA (UPI): Mr. F. A. Vening Meinesz, Director-General of Netherlands Meteorological Services, who along with other Dutch experts, is now in India to enquire into the recent Dutch Constellation crash near Santa Cruz airport, Bombay, today paid a visit to the Poona Meteorological Observatory. He was accompanied by Mr. S. K. Banerjee, Director-General of Observatories, India.

Mr. Meinesz, in an interview expressed praise at the impartial way in which the plane crash enquiry was being conducted.

He said: "Sabotage by Indonesians as reported by an American daily journalist has nothing to do with the crash. Sabotage is a bad word. It is, however, too early to say anything definite as regards the cause of the crash."

Colour Changes In New Notes

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

It is notified for the information of the public that for the convenience of sorting and listing the following changes will be made in the colour of the numbers of the latest designs of Government of India Re. 1 notes and Reserve Bank notes of the denomination of Rs. 2, Rs. 5 and Rs. 100 in the series noted there against.

Denomination	Present colour	Change to	Series
Re. 1	Green	Black	W. 42 to W. 55
Rs. 2	Black	Red	H. 37 to H. 71
Rs. 5	Black	Red	D. 50 to D. 89
Rs. 100	Black	Green	B. 82, B. 83, B. 84, B. 85, B. 87, B. 88.

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SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for a Cotton Mills an experienced Internal Auditor preferably Incorporated or Chartered Accountant. Europeans preferred. Apply stating qualifications, terms etc. to Box No. 5147 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for a Textile Mills an experienced Secretary with knowledge of accountancy. Europeans preferred. Apply stating qualifications, terms etc. to Box No. 5147A, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted: Experienced and Energetic Carvers to push on sales of our high quality Teas. Remuneration attractive. Loose also packets available at competitive rates. For terms apply to The Blue Hills Tea Company, Mettupalaiyam (Nilgiris). (950)

Required for Factory at Madras: Supervisors and Workers experienced in Automobile Assembling and manufacturing of the following occupations: (i) Welders, Gas, Electric and Spot (ii) Body Assemblers and Sheet-metal workers, (iii) Spray painters and Flatters, (iv) Body Finishers, Sewing Mechanisms, Trimmers, (v) Body Mounters and Chassis Erectors. Apply giving full particulars experience etc. before 25th July, 1949 to Box No. 5174, "Bombay Chronicle".

ACCOMMODATION WANTED. British Firm requires office premises ground or first floor Ballard Estate or Fort about 250/300 square feet, willing pay good rent. Reply Box No. 5183, "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS. Admissions-Davar's College of Commerce-New Session has commenced. Enrol immediately for Special making-up classes for late entrants for Professional Diplomas of Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce or suitable combinations for personal or postal education. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road. (1944)

MACHINERY FOR SALE. For Sale Two sets of Triple Effect Evaporator each 4000 sq. feet. H.S. complete with independent condensers. Makers Blairs and Harvey. Practically all the Calenderia Tubes have been replaced by new tubes. Both sets are complete with 12 feet high staging and condensate and syrup pumps, and are in excellent working order. They can be inspected and will be spared as a bigger size quad will be installed in their places. Two Horizontal Steam-driven Dry Air Pumps having Steam Cylinder 17" Dia. on cylinder 25" dia. Stroke 24" 70 R.P.M. Makers Blairs. In perfect working order. These pumps can be inspected and are available as bigger pumps are being installed. Please apply Box No. 5054 "Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the disposal of surplus equipments of American Tram Cars will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on 1st August, 1949. Tender forms can be obtained from the Stores Engineer Officer, Electric House, Fort, Bombay. A personal application but will not be forwarded by post. (5181)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a Nurse at the Office of the Naval Staff Surgeon, Bombay. Pay Rs. 190-5-115-6-135 plus all allowances admissible under the rules. Candidate should be a qualified general trained nurse & ordinarily should be a qualified midwife registered with the Bombay Nurses, Midwives & Health Visitors Council.

She should be under 35 years of age. Candidates eligible for the above appointment should apply to the Commodore-in-Charge Vithal House, Mint Road, Bombay stating qualifications, age & experience & enclosing copies of certificates and testimonials as early as possible. (5150)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts from candidates possessing Bombay Domicile and Non-Muslim Refugees from Pakistan. Applications from Government Servants should be sent through the Head of the department.

1. TECHNICIANS:—Scale of Pay Rs. 120-8-200-10-250 PLUS Dearness Allowance. Should be Science Graduates with Chemistry or Microbiology as Principal subject. Candidates with experience in synthetic organic chemistry, analysis and testing of drugs or practical bacteriological work will be preferred. Applicants should not be OVER 28 YEARS of age on the date of appointment.

2. SENIOR LABORATORY ASSISTANTS:—Scale of Pay Rs. 120-5-140-EB-6-200 PLUS Dearness Allowance. Applicants should have passed Inter-Science Examination. Previous laboratory experience will be additional qualification. They should not be over 25 years of age which is relaxable by three years in the case of backward communities.

3. LABORATORY ASSISTANTS:—Scale of Pay Rs. 75-3-105 PLUS Dearness Allowance. Applicants should be passed Matriculates with previous experience of not less than 3 years in despatching parcels in commercial firms. They should not be over 25 years of age which is relaxable by three years in the case of backward communities.

4. HEAD DESPATCHER:—Scale of Pay Rs. 95-5-140 (unrevised) PLUS Dearness Allowance. Applicants should be passed Matriculates with previous experience of not less than 3 years in despatching parcels in commercial firms. They should not be over 25 years of age which is relaxable by three years in the case of backward communities.

All appointments are temporary in the first instance with chances of permanency in due course. Applications stating date of birth, domicile, educational qualification and experience should be sent to the Director, Haffkine Institute, Parel, Bombay 12, so as to reach not later than 8th August 1949. ENDORSED CLEARLY ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE ENVELOPE THE POST WHICH IS APPLIED FOR.

N.B.—Applications received in response to this advertisement alone will be considered, and correspondence will be entertained only in case of candidates selected for appointment. (5178)

WANTED.

APPLICATIONS are invited from qualified persons for the following posts in the Regional Hospitals and Maternity and Child Welfare Centres in the Jharia and Ranjani Coalfields in Bihar and West Bengal: (i) 6 Staff Nurses. Scale of pay Rs. 100-5-125-6-185. (ii) 1 Ward Sister. Scale of pay Rs. 200-10-300. (iii) 8 Midwives. Scale of pay Rs. 55-3-85-4-125-5-130. Uniform and Dhoobi allowances Rs. 10/- and Rs. 5/- P.M. respectively. Free furnished quarters with free water and electricity. Leave, Dearness Allowance and other conditions of service will be governed by Central Government Rules. Particulars and application forms can be obtained from the undersigned. Last date for application August 15, 1949.

COAL MINES WELFARE COMMISSIONER, Dhanbad, (Bihar) (5151)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts of Supervisors in the Greater Bombay Police Force Co-operative General Stores Limited, having the following qualifications:

1. Applicants must have passed at least the Matriculation or equivalent Examination.
2. He must have thorough knowledge of the Rules and Regulations and working of the Rationing and Supply Department.
3. He must possess good knowledge of the Co-operative Societies.
4. He must be well up in accounts in general and the rationing accounts and returns in particular.
5. He must be of active habits and possess good physique and an impressive bearing.

Applicants having the necessary qualifications should apply with copies of testimonials and the pay expected before 23th July 1949 to the Jt. Hon. Secretary, the Greater Bombay Police Force Co-operative General Stores Ltd., Princess Street Police Station, Bombay. 1. Selected candidates will have to supervise Ration Shops situated at different places in Greater Bombay.

W. S. ANAVKAR, Jt. Hon. Secretary, The Greater Bombay Police Force Co-operative General Stores Ltd. (5179)

PUBLIC NOTICES

J. KIMATRAI & CO., (INDIA) LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN in pursuance of Section 209-H of the Indian Companies' Act 1913 that a General Meeting of the members of the abovesaid Company will be held at KIMATRAI BUILDING, Opposite Marine Line Station, BOMBAY 2 on the 30th day of August, 1949, at 4 O'Clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of having an account laid before them showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing an explanation that may be given by the Liquidator, and also of determining by extraordinary resolutions the manner in which the books, accounts, and documents of the Company and of the Liquidator thereof shall be disposed of.

Dated this 19th Day of July, 1949. (Sd.) PRITAMDAS H. GIDWANEY Liquidator (549)

PARLE-ANDHERI BOROUGH MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN for the information of the Public that the Information of the Public List of the Parle-Andheri Borough Municipality for the year 1949-50 has been deposited at the Municipal Office at Gazdar Hall, Andheri and is open for inspection to all owners and occupiers of properties in the Municipal Area or their Agents, during office hours.

M. B. SCREWVALA, Chief Officer, Parle-Andheri Borough Municipality. (5180)

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

IN PURSUANCE of a requisition received under Section 39(d) and (h) of the Municipal Act, for calling a Special (Agency) Meeting of the Corporation, to consider the situation arising out of the abnormal rise in College and University fees and the student hardship caused to the student community, A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CORPORATION will be held in the Municipal Office on MONDAY, THE 25th JULY 1949, AT 3-30 P.M. (BOMBAY TIME).

By Order of His Worship the Mayor C. F. D'SOUZA, Ag. Municipal Secretary, Municipal Corporation Office, Bombay, 19th July, 1949. (5182)

SALES TAX

NOTICE

THE OFFICES of the Sales Tax Officer, 'D' Ward and Bombay Suburban District, and the Sales Tax Officer, E, F, and G Wards, Bombay, will be REMOVED to the ground floor of the General Assurance Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, from 20th July 1949. V. L. GIDWANI, Dy. Commissioner of Sales Tax, Bombay Province. (5183)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of all Stock-in-trade of M/s Anil Glass Works with machinery and Tenancy Rights as a going concern on Friday, 22nd instant at 3-0 P.M. (S.T.) at said Factory premises at Sonawala Estate Compound, on the east side of Goregaon Station under instructions from the Court-Receiver, High Court, Bombay, as the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 2662 of 1948 (Balchand Megharaj and Ors. Plaintiffs V's Dhanvantari Sakarilal Majumdar and Ors. Defendants) and pursuant to an order dated 21-4-49. Goods on view four days prior to Auction. Terms: 25 p.c. Cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF ALL Stock-in-trade of M/s. Excel Automobiles Furniture with goodwill as a going concern and the rights of a garage attached to it on Thursday, 21st instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Opera House, Tram Terminus, under instructions from M/s Rustomji and Ghwala Attorneys for M/s M. C. Mehta and M/s Chandrasen & Co. Attorneys for M/s Vijpal Gosar & Ors. Plaintiffs and on a/c and at risk of Mr. Ambalal S. Dave the Mortgagee. Goods on View from 20th Inst. Terms: 25 p.c. Cash deposit. (5184)

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AUCTION SALES

AUCTION VERY VALUABLE PROPERTIES AT BANIA STREET, PYDHOWNIE, NEAR KHUTRI STREET.

Under instructions from Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram & Madon, Attorneys for Mr. Usuf Haji Sidick Receiver in Suit No. 124 of 1948, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on Monday, 1-8-49 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises:—

LOT NO. 4—Quit and ground rent land with dwelling house at Banian Street, about 165 sq. yds., New Street Nos. 57 and 59, Cadastral Survey No. 2512, Bhuleswar Division, and bounded on East by property of Dawood Haji Ebrahim and others, West by property of Aditram Liladhar Kadwa and others, North by Banian Street and South by Sweeper's passage and Bapu Khote Cross Street.

LOT NOS. 2 & 3—On TUESDAY 2-8-49 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises:—

LOT NO. 2—Quit and ground rent land with dwelling house at Ali Umer Street, about 140 sq. yds., Cadastral Survey No. 2365, Bhuleswar Division, Street No. 91 and bounded on North by Ali Umer Street, West by a Gully, South by property of Haji Jan Md. and East by a Sweeper's passage.

LOT NO. 3—Quit and ground rent land with dwelling house at Ali Umer Street about 83 sq. yds., Cadastral Survey No. 2669, Bhuleswar Division, Street No. 83.

For particulars and conditions, apply to the above Solicitors or to the undersigned.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receiver in Suit No. 2386 of 1948 (G. J. Dhanak vs. V. B. Gujarati) M/s. BENNETT & CO. will on 21-7-1949 at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by public Auction at their Rooms the above goods. Terms: 25 p.c. Cash Deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF ORGANDIE, NYLON, CORK, BOARDS, BROWN PAPER ETC.

BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on 21-7-49 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Rooms: By order of Pres. Magistrate, Dadar: wearing apparel, baby cycle, Plates, iron scrap etc. by order of Ins. cos. concerned: Twill lapping, boiling rings, transmission gear, steel rulers, Card Clothing, black paper, brown paper, 141 bags cork boards, 20 Cases D.D.T. cotton cord by order of offices concerned, abt. 52 pieces Organdie, 45 pieces Nylon, Piece goods etc.

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CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Ashad Vad 10, 2003.
Muslim: Ramadan 23, 1368.
Parsi: Benman 21, 1318.
Sunrise: 6-11 a.m. Sunset: 7-19 p.m.
High tide: 07-31, 18-24.
Low tide: 00-51, 13-16.
STANDING COMMITTEE: 2 p.m.
(B. T.)

Today's Engagements

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: 'Sleep and Dreams' is the subject of study class, at Jehangir Wadia Building, Flora Fountain, at 6-15 p.m.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE, BOMBAY: Voluntary Social Workers Training class will meet today, at the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon. Mr. R. M. Talpade will speak on "Co-operative Movement", at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.)

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PICTURES**

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AND AT

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11-45 a.m. 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
Free list entirely suspended.

17TH WEEK
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BHAKTA

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SUSHIL KUMAR, RANI,
PREMLATA & SOFIA
Director: DHIRUBHAI DESAI

MAJESTIC

3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sun. 12-30

**HEAVY TOLL OF LIVES IN CITY
ACCIDENTS**

Railways' Largest Instrument Of Death

Bombay's suburban trains have now achieved the unenviable distinction of being the largest single instrument of death in the city.

During the year 1948 as many as 440 persons died in various accidents on the railway lines, a record which exceeded that of the previous year by 72.

Next in order of this iniquitous priority were 200 men and women who died on Bombay's roads. The bulk of this number was accounted for by motorcars, taxis and lorries. Trams killed 28 persons and five lost their lives, knocked down by runaway horses of similar cause.

The grim statistics of sudden tragic and unnatural death compiled by the City Coroner, has a revealing tale to tell. It must have been a melancholy duty for Mr. B. P. Jayakar, the dignitary who presides over the proceedings of the Coroner's court to conduct inquests on as many as 1,953 bodies in the course of the year 1948. Besides these 495 other dead were brought to the city morgue but were disposed of without an inquest as the post-mortem by the police surgeon revealed that death was due to natural causes, not calling for an inquest.

Of course, there was also that category of cases where death was linked as being due to natural causes after an inquest.

The City Coroner's records recognise four broad classifications. There are firstly those cases of death, which result from a culpable offence.

The law recognises culpable homicide, amounting to murder, justifiable homicide, or that class of cases where men die as a result of the police opening fire, and there is the class of cases which result from rash and negligent acts.

MURDERS

In the course of the single year—1948—there were 197 murders. The previous year, this figure stood much higher at 462. That is to be accounted for by the long series of communal riots which preceded the partition of India.

Another index of improvement in the law and order situation was the fact that while in 1947 28 persons were killed as a result of what in legal parlance is described as "justifiable homicide", the next year this figure dropped to 14.

The next broad classification recognised by the Coroner is that of suicides. Suicide may be due to many causes—drowning, hangul, stabbing, shooting, burning, and so on.

Judging by the fact that out of 150 persons who ended their own lives, 41 swallowed opium, arsenic or other poison, this seems to be the most favourite method of suicides. Burning oneself to death seems to have come next, with 28 cases of that kind in one year.

The largest number of fatalities which figure before the coroner, however, are classified as accidental. In this class 440 were the result of railway accidents, 200 road accidents, 132 cases of burning, 110 cases of falls from houses and 95 of drowning. As far as the railway accidents are concerned, Mr. Jayakar has frequently drawn public attention to this disastrous and avoidable class of accidents, but little seems to have been done either by the railway authorities, the police or the public to stop the rot.

One of the preventable cases which has been frequently brought to public attention are the burns cases. Out of the 132 on record in 1948, all but a dozen are what are popularly called "stove" tragedies. It is a standing disgrace that women should be burnt to death in their homes, because their clothes catch fire from stoves burning in narrow rooms.

Although the fourth broad category recognised are innocuously headed "Deaths otherwise caused—Natural causes, found dead and found drowned", there is behind them a tragedy which is hardly realised because of the absence of the dramatic and spectacular. It is grim to remember that in a teeming, modern city like Bombay, the police picked up from the roads, 67 persons, who lay dead on the pavements in the course of one year.

Most of these are generally of persons who are starved or undernourished, the houseless, who die on the streets, from causes, which the law classifies as "Natural". In the same way in the course of last year, the sea all round this island threw up 47 dead, of whom it could not be said, that they had been murdered or had committed suicide. These bodies had just been washed ashore, no one knows how.

In all these cases the preponderant majority are males, although no separate records are kept of the male and female persons who lost their lives, except in the case of suicide. Even here there were more males than females—the numbers being 93 and 55 respectively.

KIDNAPPING CHARGE

BOMBAY, Tuesday. Three persons, charged with kidnapping a woman were remanded to police custody by Mr. M. J. Gordanadas at the Andheri court yesterday.

According to the police, Mrs. Leela Atmaram Chavan, who was going to temple with her sister-in-law and her father was waylaid by a man who got down from a rick-victoria, lifted her bodily and put her in a chattri and drove away. The woman shouted for help and the escort chased the chattri. A crowd collected, but another man who had come on a cycle whisked out a knife and threatened assault. He was arrested by a police constable.

GODOWN BROKEN OPEN

BOMBAY, Tuesday. Two persons were arrested by the Maharashtra police following the theft of cloth worth Rs. 5,000 from a godown at Sabu Building at Ardesir, Dadi 10th Lane, Bombay. The godown was broken open last night.

**ZAMINDARIS AS
COLLECTIVE
FAVOURS**

**A COUNTER-PROPOSAL
TO ABOLITION**

BOMBAY, Tuesday. Mr. Ratanchand Hirachand has a counter-proposal to the abolition of the Zamindari, which, he claims, will avoid the pitfalls of the proposed measure.

He suggests that the Government must acquire the land by legislation and pay one-sixth as compensation in cash and the 5-6th in ordinary shares by forming a limited company of agriculture, of one or more units of the same zamindari, to suit the convenience of operations.

As a next step, he suggests that the zamindar or his son should be appointed the managing director of the limited company. He is to get 10 per cent of the profits.

Government, he says, should nominate a technical director to assist and to exercise due control as a safeguard Government should invest about a lakh of rupees to buy tractors, pumps and fertilisers. The land should also put his own money required as capital.

It is said that if these methods are adopted, it will lead to all round agricultural improvement as the zamindars to the surrounding areas. The compact area will make the use of the tractor advantageous. It will offer better facilities for irrigation.

**AMELIORATION OF
BACKWARD MEN**

Government Appoints
Committee

BOMBAY, Tuesday. The Government of Bombay has appointed a Committee, under the Chairmanship of Mr. D. N. Wadvekar, Parliamentary Secretary, to study the conditions of the Backward Classes in the merged areas of the Province and to suggest a programme for the amelioration of their conditions. The Committee has been advised to submit its report within four months.

The members of the Committee are: Mr. D. N. Wadvekar, Provincial Secretary, the Presidents of the Maharashtra and Karnataka Provincial Harijan Sevak Sanghs, Mr. L. M. Shrikant, M. L. A., Mr. S. N. Mande, M. L. A., Mr. Ravishankar Maharaj, Mr. K. J. Dharmadhikari, Mr. G. R. Agarwal, Mr. C. P. Shah, Mr. R. T. Lohia, the Backward Class Officer and Assistant Backward Class Officers of the Northern and Karnataka circles.

Dr. D. P. Phanapurkar is the Secretary of the Committee.

AUSTRALIAN INDUSTRY

Shubart On War-Time
Achievements

BOMBAY, Tuesday. Despite great progress in the field of manufacture, Australian industry was still short of some of the major elements required for production, particularly certain basic raw materials, such as some categories of metals and ores, and industrial black coal, said Mr. S. D. Shubart, Senior Australian Trade Commissioner, in an address to the Bombay Rotary Club this afternoon.

"We can absorb and take from India large quantities of black industrial coal and manganese ore and to a lesser degree chrome ore," he said, speaking on Australia's post-war industrial expansion.

Before the last war, Mr. Shubart pointed out, his country produced a limited range of manufactured goods but today she was manufacturing a wide range of major industrial goods which were once thought to be beyond the capacity and skill of her workers.

Foremost amongst the industries born in the stress of war were the manufacture of aircraft, motor vehicles, and the intensive development of the ship-building industry.

"To say today that Australia manufactures these items is to mean in effect that they are actually manufactured and built in Australia—not merely assembled from imported components," the Trade Commissioner stressed.

Other war-time achievements were the production of fine grade cotton textiles, the manufacture of rayon and newsprint, the expansion of the heavy chemical industry and the great advancement in the field of radio and telecommunications.

**SWEEPERS MAY
RESIGN**

BOMBAY, Tuesday. Sweepers who have been on strike for 68 days may submit their resignations, hinted a spokesman of the strikers today. A proposal to that effect would be considered by the Managing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Kamgar Sangh in the next four or five days.

BUS PASSENGERS HIT

BOMBAY, Tuesday. Two persons sitting in the third seat in the upper deck of B route bus were injured by flying glass when the bus in which they were travelling hit a branch of a roadside tree. They were attended to in a hospital and discharged.

**MOTHER INVENTS
HAPPY HOLDER**

An invention by a British mother, now being patented, is the "disposable happy holder" which besides being very handy for journeys, keeps baby completely free from soreness. The holder is of plastic, fastening with press studs, and is used with dressings of cotton wool and cellulose, which are burnt afterwards. The dressings about 1d. (10 p.) each. An important point is that air can circulate through the openings at the thing, and also that the holder is sewn with non-absorbent nylon thread so that it can be kept quite clean and fresh.

M.Ed. Exam Results

The following candidates have passed the M. Ed. examination (by papers) held in June 1949 by the University of Bombay.

SECOND CLASS Nos. 3 9 17 25.
PASS NOS. 2 6 12 13 14 19 20 26 31 34.

**SHORTAGE OF
CEMENT**

**Outstanding Orders
To Be Cancelled**

BOMBAY, Tuesday. Owing to the shortage of indigenous cement and the need for effecting an equitable distribution under the control system, it has become necessary for the Government of Bombay to cancel all outstanding orders, except those which are revaluated.

Individuals and bodies holding authorisations from the Regional Honorary Cement Adviser, Bombay, issued before May 31 last and which are not yet cashed, should send, not later than August 10, 1949, applications to Mr. C. R. Maru, Assistant Housing Commissioner (Materials), Secretariat, Bombay, for reviewing their demands and revaluation of old authorisations, where necessary. No application received after that date will be considered and all authorisations which have not been revaluated will be treated as cancelled.

RADIO

WEDNESDAY, July 20.
BOMBAY—A

244 metres (1,231 kc/s) also 7-30 a.m. to 9-00 a.m. 31.41 metres (9,550 kc/s) 12-45 p.m. to 2-30 p.m. 41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s) 4-20 p.m. to 7-45 p.m. 31.41 metres (9,550 kc/s) 8-00 p.m. to 11-00 p.m. 41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s).

7-30 a.m. Mohan Advani (Geets) 7-45 Sarangi Par Lalat (By Ismail) 8-00 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Vasudeo P. Nayak (Gujarati Geeto) 8-45 News (G) 9-00 Close down. 12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude. 1-25 Vasudeo P. Nayak (Geeto) 1-00 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 p.m. Boston Promenade Orchestra. 2-00 The Kentucky Minstrels (Medley) 2-15 Albert Sandier Trio. 4-20 School Broadcasts. Musical Prelude. 5-00 Prabhakar Rane (Vocal) 5-15 Sarangi Par Bhimpal (By Ismail) 5-30 As in Bombay B 6-00 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 B. T. Patil (Sitar) 6-30 Sambaprasad Sawkar 7-00 Topic of the Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Saguna Kalvanpur (Vocal) 7-45 Naye Sitaran 8-00 Vasudeo P. Nayak G. Geeto 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay B 9-00 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay B 10-00 George Lester-Violoncello 10-30 Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra 10-45 Meher Vakil - Soprano.

BOMBAY—B

353 metres (850 kc/s) also 7-30 a.m. to 9-00 a.m. 41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s) 12-45 p.m. to 2-30 p.m. 31.41 metres (9,550 kc/s) 4-20 p.m. to 7-15 p.m. 41.44 (7,240 kc/s) 7-30 p.m. to 11-00 p.m. 61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s).

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay-A 7-45 News (K) 8-00 Basawari Mansoor (Vocal) 8-30 News (M) 8-45 Datta Davlekar (Vocal).

12-45 p.m. As in Bombay-A 12-50 News (M) 1-00 B. T. Patil (Sitar) 1-10 Sarangi 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Ranga Tarang 2-20 Gotvadymam Par Ek Dhun (By Muditar).

4-20 p.m. As in Bombay-A 5-00 Saguna Kalyanpur (Vocal) 6-00 Mohan Advani 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-00 News (M) 8-15 Prabhakar Rane (Vocal) 8-30 Talk in Hindustani 8-45 Mohan Advani (Geets) 9-00 Basawari Mansoor (Vocal) BBC pipe at 9-30 p.m. 9-30 Datta Davlekar (Vocal) 9-45 Talk (E) 10-00 Nave Jag Marathi plaq by late Sundar Mankar 10-30 Sambaprasad Sawkar (Vocal).

12-45 p.m. As in Bombay-A 12-50 News (M) 1-00 B. T. Patil (Sitar) 1-10 Sarangi 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Ranga Tarang 2-20 Gotvadymam Par Ek Dhun (By Muditar).

4-20 p.m. As in Bombay-A 5-00 Saguna Kalyanpur (Vocal) 6-00 Mohan Advani 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-00 News (M) 8-15 Prabhakar Rane (Vocal) 8-30 Talk in Hindustani 8-45 Mohan Advani (Geets) 9-00 Basawari Mansoor (Vocal) BBC pipe at 9-30 p.m. 9-30 Datta Davlekar (Vocal) 9-45 Talk (E) 10-00 Nave Jag Marathi plaq by late Sundar Mankar 10-30 Sambaprasad Sawkar (Vocal).

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THE WEATHER

The following is the All-India weather summary for Tuesday, July 19, 1949.

There has been a general weakening of the monsoon over the country. Fairly widespread rain has, however, fallen in Malabar, Gujarat, Vindhya Pradesh and the Central Provinces, and also in the hills and the sub-montane districts from Assam to the north-east Punjab. Local rain has occurred in Gangetic West Bengal, Chota Nagpur, the rest of the United Provinces, in Saurashtra, Madhya Bharat, the Konkan, Mysore and Southeast Madras and scattered showers in the rest of the East Punjab, in East Rajasthan, the Madras Deccan and the north Madras coast.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF JULY 20. There will be a further decrease of rainfall in the interior of the country and widespread rainfall will be confined to the region from Assam to the hills and the sub-montane tracts of the east Punjab and along the west coast of the peninsula. Local rain will occur in Gangetic West Bengal, Chota Nagpur, the rest of the United Provinces and the East Punjab in Saurashtra, Gujarat, the Central parts of the country and the east coast of the peninsula. Scattered showers are likely to occur over the rest of the country.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain is likely to continue in Assam, sub-Himalayan West Bengal and in and near the hills of the West United Provinces and the East Punjab during the next 26 hours.

POONA, July 19. (PTI.) The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from June 1, 1949, and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours I.S.T. on July 19, 1949.

Ahmedabad 88 78 0.3 9.5 minus 1.5 Baroda 89 77 0.7 7.8 minus 6.1 Belgaum 79 69 0.3 3.5 minus 14.8 BOMBAY 87 80 0.1 37.4 plus 1.0 Calcutta 90 81 0.1 84.4 minus 1.3 Delhi 94 78 7.3 4.3 minus 3.7 Hyderabad (Dn.) 89 73 2.9 plus 1.7 Karachi 90 82 2.7 plus 2.2 Lahore 102 76 0.5 2.5 minus 2.4 Lucknow 92 77 0.2 6.0 minus 5.5 Madras 92 78 0.8 plus 1.9 Mahabaleshwar 66 53 0.9 70.1 minus 28.1 Nagpur 87 75 0.1 28.2 plus 10.1 Peshawar 104 77 0.1 0.1 minus 0.9 Poona 84 72 2.4 minus 5.1 Sholapur 92 71 0.1 10.9 plus 3.8 Simla 71 57 1.0 14.4 minus 1.1 Surat 86 79 0.8 13.9 minus 5.6.

Heavy Rain In Baroda

BARODA, July. 19. (P. T. I.): Baroda city recorded about three inches of rain within an hour this evening in the heaviest downpour since the outbreak of the monsoon. Total rainfall for the season till this evening was 10.68 inches, bringing down the deficit to about one inch.

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MAKE TRUMAN'S AID PLAN A REALITY

Co-operate With Dollar Area, Urges Bevin

LONDON, July 19 (PTI-Reuters): British Foreign Minister Ernest Bevin declared yesterday that co-operation between dollar and sterling areas would make President Truman's "fourth point"—the plan to aid under-developed countries, a "living reality in helping to lift up the standards of life throughout that great area."

India needed dollars to buy, he told the House of Commons in replying to a two-day debate on Britain's economic crisis.

"What India must get to save herself and for that teeming population is capital goods of all kinds. Pakistan's resources must be developed. All these great food areas must be developed to a point at which the dollar earnings from India can go to buy capital goods and not food, she having provided her own food requirements."

The sterling area Mr. Bevin said, represented about 600,000,000 people. A further 800,000,000 in other countries were influenced by it. "Within that vast teeming population is the biggest market for American and British craftsmanship and ingenuity in the world."

He declared that American loans and Marshall aid had "saved Europe from a terrible tragedy."

BALANCE OF PAYMENTS
"But I think every penny that America has spent will be returned to her four fold as the years go on," Mr. Bevin added.

Mr. Bevin was replying to a two-day debate on Britain's economic crisis in which Deputy Opposition Leader, Mr. Anthony Eden, had accused Sir Stafford Cripps of trying to "play down the gravity of the economic situation."

Other points made by Mr. Bevin were: The United States was as much a welfare state as Britain, only theirs was a different form.

"One of our troubles in the balance of payments problem is the fact that the United States, carrying out its welfare policy, has given a basic price to agriculture."

"I do not object to it. I think it is right. But on our side we have not worked out a basic price for raw materials in return."

Mr. Bevin was referring criticism of the welfare state as being the cause of Britain's troubles.

He added that the Brussels and Atlantic pacts and other political

MOST NEGROES WILL FIGHT FOR U. S.

Robinson Refutes Paul Robeson

WASHINGTON, July 19—Jackie Robinson, one of the foremost athletes in the United States, believes that the statement made recently in Paris by Paul Robeson, American singer, that American Negroes would refuse to fight in any war against Russia is "silly."

Most Negroes in the United States would "do their best to help their country stay out of war. If unsuccessful, they would do their best to help their country win the war—against Russia or any other enemy that threatened us," Robinson told a congressional committee Monday.

Robinson, star second baseman of the Brooklyn Dodgers and currently the leading hitter in the National League, one of the nation's two "major" professional baseball circuits, was called by the House of Representatives' Un-American Activities Committee as it concluded its hearings on the loyalty of American Negroes. Both Robinson and Robeson are Negroes.

No defence of the American Negroes' loyalty is needed, Robinson told the Congressmen, "because they know that needs defense can't amount to much in the long run. And no one has ever questioned my race's loyalty except a few people who don't amount to very much."

"I am a religious man," the 30-year-old athlete said in concluding his testimony. "Therefore I cherish America, where I am free to worship as I please—a privilege which some countries do not give. And I suspect that 999 out of almost any 1,000 coloured Americans you meet will tell you the same thing."

On the Robinson statement, he said: "I haven't any comment to make, except that the statement if Mr. Robeson actually made it, sounds very silly to me. But he has a right to his personal views, and if he wants to sound silly when he expresses them in public, that's his business and not mine. He's still a famous ex-champ and a great singer and actor."

Robeson's remarks were also refuted recently by Dr. Ralph Bunche, U. N. mediator for Palestine and formerly a U. S. State Department official, who said that "Paul Robeson is a better singer than social philosopher." Bunche commented on Robeson's remarks as he appeared at a national convention of the National Association for the Advancement of Coloured People in Los Angeles.—USIS.

PLAN FOR WORLD CENSUS OF 'CONVENTIONAL ARMS'

Russia Asks For Inclusion Of Atomic Bombs

LAKE SUCCESS, July 18. (PTI-Reuters): The Working Committee of the Conventional Armaments Commission to-day approved, by a vote of eight to three a French plan for a world census of "conventional arm" and armed forces.

Only Egypt, the Soviet Union and the Ukraine opposed the French Plan which also called for the setting up of an international control organ, empowered to make on-the-spot investigations to verify all information.

Conventional arms do not include atomic weapons which are dealt with by the Atomic Energy Commission. The French Plan must now be approved by the Working Group's parent body, the Conventional Armaments Commission, and the Security Council before it can be put into effect.

The Armaments Commission will meet on Monday, July 25, to consider the French Plan, as approved by the Working Group.

Both the Egyptian and Ukrainian Delegates in the Working Committee Commission requires only a majority vote to approve the Plan but the Big Five unanimity rule applies in the Security Council where Russia's veto is expected when the French proposal comes up.

Russia's objection to the French plan is on the grounds that any world census of arms must include stocks of atomic bombs.

The Egyptian and Ukrainian Delegates in the Working Committee have supported Russia's stand.

The Working Committee adjourned without setting the date of a further meeting because its agenda is now exhausted.

Peaceful Dismantling Of German Plant

DUSSELDORF, July 18 (PTI-Reuters): Dismantling of the United Aluminium Works at Greisdorff, 10 miles southwest of Düsseldorf, began today without incident.

Unlike workers at other factories dismantled in the Ruhr this year, the employees made no attempt to hinder the crew dismantling the furnaces.

MIXED RECEPTION TO ASIAN FEDERATION OF LABOUR

Left-Wing Opposition In Most Of Eastern Countries

LONDON, July 19 (F.I.I.-Reuters). TRADE union leaders from six Eastern and five Western countries have greeted the formation of an Asian Federation of Labour with cautious approval, according to reports here.

A draft constitution was signed by trade union representatives of India, the Philippines, Japan, Indonesia, Turkey, Iran, Siam and Nationalist China in Geneva on June 19. One of the aims of the Federation will be to centralise opposition to Communist activities among workers.

The only outright opposition to the scheme came from Holland, where trade union leaders thought Asiatic leaders would be better advised to join the new international trade union organisation.

The reaction of individual trade union leaders in the various countries are given in the following despatches.

CEYLON TRADE UNIONS' VIEW
Ceylon labour leaders welcomed the recently formed Asian Federation of Labour as an "economic unit" but views were divergent on its "political aspects". Mr. K. Rajalingam, President of the Ceylon Indian Congress Labour Union, said the idea was "commendable" but added "such a federation should not have a political bias. Why introduce a political bias into the trade union field?"

Dr. N. M. Pereira, leader of the Lanka Sama Samaki Party (Trotskyist) speaking on behalf of the Ceylon Federation of Labour, said they welcomed any attempt to co-ordinate trade union activities in Asia. He warned that fighting communism "too often means fighting on behalf of capitalism."

A spokesman of the Ceylon Trade Union Federation, which supports the World Federation of Trade Unions, said "the present proposals are a move by disruptors who are frightened by progress and communism."

REACTION IN BATAVIA
Trade union leaders in Batavia thought the Federation was "a step in the right direction" but said they did not think that trade unionism was sufficiently developed in Indonesia to take full advantage of the scheme.

At present there is no overall Indonesian Labour Federation, though there are a number of small federations and many trade unions.

The only fully organised trade unions are those of white-collar workers, skilled workers, or workers in organised employment such as teachers, railway employees and transport drivers. Among unskilled workers trade unionism is still at a very early stage.

Nevertheless, trade union leaders here believe that participation in the federation will, when the present difficulties have been solved, stimulate the growth of trade unionism throughout Indonesia.

Conflicting views on the Asian Federation of Labour were expressed in Tokyo by the leaders of the trade union organisation.

The Japanese National Congress of Industrial Unions, considered to be the left-wing of organised labour, said it would not support the Geneva plan if it were "political" a spokesman said the Congress would not favour any discrimination against the World Federation.

UNIFICATION OF U.S. ARMED FORCES

WASHINGTON, July 18. (PTI-Reuters): President Truman today sent to Congress a re-organisation plan designed to unify the armed forces more closely and strengthen the hand of Mr. Louis Johnson, Secretary of Defence.

He said he was submitting the plan in order to "take action by all means at my command" to obtain prompt unification of the services.

The President said he would convert the present national military establishment into "the Department of Defence" and Mr. Johnson would exercise authority, direction and control over the Department.

The Army, Navy and Air Force would continue to be administered as executive departments by Secretaries.

The plan does not change, or authorise Mr. Johnson to change, the assignment of combatant functions, roles, and mission to the Army, Navy and Air Force.

FRIENDSHIP WITH RUSSIA

Madame Sun Yat-Sen Head Association
SAN FRANCISCO, July 19. (PTI-Reuters): Chinese Communist Radio in Peking, picked up here yesterday announced the formation of the "Sino-Soviet Friendship Association", with Madame Sun Yat-sen, widow of the founder of the Chinese Republic, as Chairman.

The new Association, the radio said, has sent a message to Marshal Stalin thanking him for "the great sympathy and assistance rendered to the Chinese National Liberation Movement," and to Mao Tse-tung Chairman of the Chinese Communist Party.

HONG KONG, July 19. (PTI-Reuters): Communist successes at several points in South and North-west China were recorded in unconfirmed Chinese reports reaching Hong Kong to-day.

The reports said Nationalist troops had evacuated Kanchow, temporary capital of Kiangsi Province, about 200 miles north-east of Canton.

Communist guerrillas were reported to have occupied Swatow, coastal town 85 miles east of Hong Kong.

The same reports said two Nationalist regiments had gone over to the Communists in Eastern Kwangtung.

In North-west China several Communist armies were claiming initial victories in a new offensive westward along the Lunghai railway in Shensi, other reports said.

INTERIM BONUS FOR BHOPAL WORKERS

BHOPAL, July 19. (PTI): The Industrial Disputes Board of Bhopal has submitted a report to the Government on the demand of the Bhopal Textile Workers Union for a bonus equivalent to four and half months wages.

The Government is expected to pass final orders by the end of the month on the report.

In the meantime, they have sanctioned as an interim measure, a bonus equal to one and half months wages for the forthcoming Id Festival. An official notification on the subject says this would be without prejudice to the amount of bonus which may ultimately be ordered by the Government.

Arrangements For Haj Pilgrims
BOMBAY Tuesday (PTI): A total of about 14,000 Haj Pilgrims are expected to sail for Saudi Arabia during the pilgrim season August and September this year. They will leave in 12 batches.

An official of the External Affairs Ministry and a member of the Central Haj Committee are expected in Bombay early next month to supervise arrangements for the pilgrims during their stay, embarkation and transit to Jeddah.

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Railway Triumph By A Solitary Goal

TULLY SCORES ALL IMPORTANT GOAL IN FIRST HALF

G. I. P. RLY.....1, BURMAH-SHELL Nil

BOMBAY, Tuesday.
A LUCKY goal scored through their centre forward Tully, enabled the G.I.P. Railway team to avenge the defeat suffered earlier in the Harwood League at the hands of the Burmah Shell Sports Club. In a dull game this evening at the Cooperage, the Railwaymen won by the only goal scored.

Both teams were equally balanced and a good match was expected. The Railway held the advantage in the opening half, but the Oilmen took over in the succeeding one. A draw should have been a correct index to the run of play, and the display of both sides.

The Railway held away for the first half and had many fine openings. They even missed a free kick just outside the box awarded against Santan Toulou Tully, but it failed to materialize. It was only in the fifteen minute that Tully back passed to Tully, who pushed over a rushing out goal-keeper to open the Railwaymen's account.

Burmah Shell's forward line failed to function due mainly to the absence of their clever left flank Peter and Manikam who took his place was a poor substitute. Santan who was always dangerous tried his best and

the ball and it was cleared by a defender. On resumption, the Railway were not so very dangerous and Eagle who saved well in the opening period once again did his best whenever occasion demanded. Burmah-Shell had some easy chances to equalize, but their forwards were poor shooters.

Santana, Michael and Rego failed in turn to send home well placed shots, but their shooting power demanded a greater effort otherwise the long awaited equalizer should not have eluded them. A last minute chance came the Oilmen's way, but Santan who headed the ball into goal missed his mark although he had the goal beaten.

Soon Santan tried another shot but Puthoo, the Railway custodian made no mistake in collecting the ball contently and the hopes of the Oilmen dwindled when they lost the services of Michael who was a mere passenger due to a leg injury he sustained in clashing with E. Duncan.

Time finally saw the Railway triumph by a solitary goal.

The teams—
G.I.P. RAILWAY: Puthoo; Pavrey, Almeida, A. Duncan, B. Duncan, Jones, Bhikoo, Tambe, Shiva, James.
BURMAH-SHELL: Eagle; H. Francis, Angelo, Napoleon, Santan, A. Francis, Santana, Rego, Pinto, Michael, Manikam.
Referee: S. Mani.

TRADES INVITING SUSPENSION?

BOMBAY, Tuesday.
After Trades' protest against Burmah-Shell playing Ganesh of Mysore in the Harich's Shield was over-ruled, they have thrust upon the Western India Football Association a motion for notice, which, under the Rules of the Association, according to Rule 10 of the W.I.F.A. leaves them open for disciplinary action being taken.

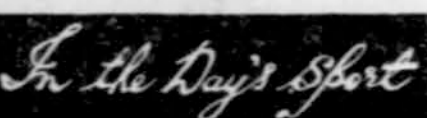
RULE 10 states: All resolutions and decisions of the Committee shall be binding on every affiliated Club and all members thereof, and any attempt to question the same in a Court of Law or otherwise shall be deemed to be misconduct, entailing disciplinary action by the Committee.

Parel Soccer

BOMBAY, Tuesday.
St. Xavier's College 'A' registered a goal to one win against Khandoba Vijay in the First Division of the Indian Football League at Parel this evening. Martin D'Sa and Lobo scored for the winners, while Ganesh scored for Khandoba Vijay.

Volkarte also beat Colaba New Stars by a similar margin in the Second Division. B. Silveira, obtained both goals for Volkarte, while Peter reduced the margin for the losers.

In the Fifth Division of the Harwood League St. Xavier's High School 'B' beat St. Sebastian's 'B' by three goals to one. I. Lopez, J. Vaz, and A. D'Souza scored for the Xavierians, while L. D'Silva scored for St. Sebastian's.



FOOTBALL

Cooperage
6-30 p.m. Army vs. St. Francis Goan's (Friends).
6-45 p.m. Rashid S.C. vs. Tata S.C. (First Division Harwood League).
St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel
6-30 p.m. Young Labour vs. Burmah Shell 'C' (Murry Cup).
6-40 p.m. General Motors vs. Asbestos Cement (Second Division Harwood League).
G.I.P. Railway Ground, Parel
6-30 p.m. Antonio da Silva H.S. vs. St. Isabels (Fifth Division, Harwood League).

TABLE TENNIS DOUBLES CHAMPIONS



Dady Kapadia, (right), Bombay's well known player and Sam Motiwala (left) who won the doubles title at the recently concluded Byulla Y.M.C.A. Open Table Tennis Tournament.

LANGRIDGE RACING UP TO BEAT COMPTON'S RECORD

LONDON, July 18 (P.T.I.-Reuter).
At a time when so much is being done to attract and develop young cricketers, it is interesting to note the form of some of the older county players.

Three of them, John Langridge, the 38-year-old Sussex opening batsman, Walter Keeton, 44-year-old Nottinghamshire batsman and Tom Goddard, 48-year-old Gloucestershire off-spin bowler, are enjoying remarkable success.

This summer, Langridge, younger of the two famous Sussex brothers, has been playing better than ever before.

With his attractive batting he has his ten centuries this season and is the

GODOWN BROKEN OPEN

dule of Bill Edrich and Denis Compton, who two seasons ago beat Tom Hayward's aggregate record of 3,512.

The Edrich reached 2,000 on July 22 and Compton a day later. Compton went on to set-up a new record with 3,816 runs and his figure is what Langridge has to beat for a place in the record book.

EIGHTH TIME

This is the eighth time that Langridge has passed the 2,000 mark in one season and he seems certain to beat his own previous best aggregate of 2,514 in 1937. Langridge, who freely all round the wicket, is an entertaining batsman to watch. His highest score so far this season is 234 not out against Derbyshire but his best ever was 250 not out against Glamorgan at Hove in 1933.

He has never played for England but his brother James has represented his country many times.

Keeton has also been showing fine form with the bat. He has so far scored five centuries this season, including two double centuries, and Nottinghamshire must be regretting the fact that he is retiring at the end of the summer.

Since he first appeared for the county in 1926, Keeton has made more than 21,000 runs and his 312 not out against Middlesex in 1939 is the highest individual score record by a Nottingham batsman.

He has completed 2,000 runs in a season five times and played for England against Australia in 1934 and the West Indies in 1939.

COUNTY CRICKET

LONDON, July 19 (P.T.I.-Reuter):
The following are the results of the county cricket matches:

At Oval: Surrey beat Kent by five wickets.
Kent 224 and 144. (Laker, 7 for 47) Surrey 288 and 81 for 5.

At Southampton: Hampshire beat Leicestershire by 100 runs.
Hampshire 248 and 241 for 7 declared. Leicestershire 161 and 228 (Tompson 74, Knott, 6 for 85).

At Birmingham: Warwickshire versus Middlesex. Match was drawn.
Warwickshire 279 for 3 declared and 115 for 7 (Young 4 for 35). Middlesex 231 for nine declared (Denis Compton 71, W. Edrich 64, Hollis 5 for 104).

At Cardiff: Glamorgan beat Derbyshire by six wickets.
Derbyshire 144 and 202. Glamorgan 102 and 245 for four (Cliff not out 125, Watkins 73).

At Nottingham: Nottinghamshire versus Yorkshire. Match was drawn.
Nottinghamshire 146 and 138 for two (Harris not out 53, Hardstaff not out 53, Yorkshire 150 for two declared (Hutton not out 87).

At Taunton: Lancashire beat Somerset by 84 runs.
Lancashire 173 and 325 for 9 declared. (G. Edrich not out 136). Somerset 172 and 242. (Berry, 6 for 57).

At Northampton: Northamptonshire versus Essex. Match drawn.
Essex 276 and 186 for 4 (Cray 119, Insole not out 51). Northamptonshire 390 for 8 declared (Brookes 165, Barrick 51).

At Gloucester: Gloucestershire versus Worcestershire. Match drawn.
Worcestershire 224 and 151 for 9 declared (Goddard, 6 for 43). Gloucestershire 193 (Howarth, 6 for 57) and 113 for 5.

Graziano Knocks Out Agosta In Second Round

WEST SPRINGFIELD (Massachusetts), July 19 (P.T.I.-Reuter):
Rocky Graziano former world middleweight champion knocked out Joe Agosta in the second round of their ten rounds fight here last night. This was Graziano's second fight since his long suspension was lifted. Both men weighed eleven stone five and half pounds and though Graziano had a severe cut from an unintentional butt over the left eye, he dropped Agosta for two counts of nine in the second round before knocking him out. The wound bled profusely and may keep Graziano inactive for three or four weeks.

Standard Of Athletics In Britain On Upgrade

SEVERAL YOUNGSTERS OF PROMISE FAST COMING UP

LONDON, July 18 (U.P.A.).
The standard of British athletics is on the upgrade, giving promise of several good performances in the future, writes George Chandler.

The improvement is most noticeable in the middle and long distance events. In the sprints there has been a decline, mainly because no star has emerged since the retirement of Alistair McGregor. In this department the Negro runner, E. McDonald Bailey is still the standout star. His 9.5 seconds is the best performance this season, but he is still experiencing trouble with his thigh muscle.

The Negro's nearest rivals are Ken Jones, with a clocking of 9.8 seconds, John Archer and Leslie Laing, both of whom have returned 9.9, in early season performances. Laing, a newcomer from Jamaica, is probably the best prospect for the sprints.

Arthur Wint, winner of the Olympic 400 meters title, is also in a class of his own over the 440 yards, as far as British athletics is concerned. The Cambridge University athlete, A. W. Scott, and D. White of Loughborough College, are his closest rivals, both clocking 49.0 seconds, their best efforts this season.

The top British star in the half mile is Roger Bannister, whose season's best is 1:52.7, but the Oxford University star plans a limited season and is not expected to enter serious competition until the latter end of the season. In consequence, A. Scott of Cambridge University, whose season's best is the same, is the nearest rival.

Bannister is also the outstanding prospect over the mile, but most of the honours are expected to be won by Douglas Wilson or Bill Nankeville, who is the current holder of the AAA title. Wilson has already beaten the title holder this season, and is expected to improve on his 4:13.0 which won him the inter-counties championship title recently. This time, incidentally, was the second best to Bannister this season.

Nankeville, however, will give Wilson strong competition this season. His best timing was 0.2 seconds behind Wilson in the 1938 inter-counties championship.

He backed up his record round of 66 at Pannal yesterday with 71 on the Starbuck Course and led Tom Fairbairn, of Penryn and Flory Don, of Belgium by one stroke.

Next came Fred Daly, of Balmoral, and Ted McNeill, of Swinton Park, each with totals of 139.

The British open champion, Bobby Locke, of South Africa followed his round of 70 yesterday with a 72 on the Starbuck Course today and was five strokes behind the leader. He is, however, strongly fancied to carry off the first prize of £500.

The qualifying scores do not count, and the qualifiers start with clean sheets over the Pannal Course tomorrow. One round will be played tomorrow another on Thursday and the leading 50 will play a final 36 holes on Friday.

Assam To Participate In Ranji Trophy

GAUHATI, July 18 (P.T.I.):—The Assam Cricket Association, which held its second annual general meeting in Nowgong yesterday, decided that Assam should participate in the Ranji Trophy tournament this year. Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, the Premier, was elected President and Mr. Nurul Amin, Secretary, of the Association for the ensuing year.

Fastest Miler

G. W. Nankeville, who won the fastest mile ever run in the Amateur Athletic Association Championships at White City when he covered the distance in minutes and 8.8 seconds. The present British record is 4 mts. 6.4 secs. established by Wooderson in 1937.

son, and the improvement he has been showing in recent weeks has caused experts to predict that he is fully capable of running the mile in 4 minutes, 10 seconds.

The athlete who is at present attracting most attention, however, is the 42-year-old veteran, Don Finlay, hurdles still enables him to retain his position as king among British athletes.

Finlay won his first championship in 1932, the year in which he made the first of his three appearances in the Olympic Games. From that year he won the 120 yards hurdles championship at the AAA meet seven times in succession, although D. Horgan won the shotput title for the first time in 1936 and his last in 1912.

The promise being displayed by the youngsters is providing a source of gratification to most experts. Commenting on this situation, the official track and field organ, "Athletics" said: "Never before have we had such a galaxy of talent and reliable reports are coming in weekly of youngsters of both sexes who are showing performances hitherto thought incredible."

Japan's Athletic Coach To Watch U.S. Stars In Action

NEW YORK, July 18 (P.T.I.-Reuter):
Mikio Oda, National track and field coach of Japan, said today, he would attempt to go to Europe to observe United States' athletes in action against European stars.

Oda, Olympic hop step and jump champion in 1936, arrived on Saturday with the approval of the United States military authorities in Japan to study the training methods now employed in America.

ASIAN LAWN TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS

Davis Cup Nations Invited To Calcutta In December

LONDON, July 19 (P.T.I.-Reuter):
India aims to make the inaugural International Lawn Tennis Championships of Asia a second "Wimbledon", according to Mr. J. Chinnai Dural, representative of the Indian Lawn Tennis Association in a statement here today.

Invitations are to be extended to all Davis Cup nations to send a team of four, and two women, to take part in the championships which are being played in Calcutta between December 22 and January 1.

Mr. Dural said he had already approached the lawn tennis associations of several nations about sending players and was contacting others.

Australia Offers Drobny A Position

MELBOURNE, July 19 (U.P.A.):
It was announced on Tuesday that the Glaciarium Stadium has offered Czech Davis Cup star Jaroslav Drobny a position on its staff which will not affect Drobny's tennis activities. The announcement stated that the experience of Drobny, who is an expert ice hockey player, would be invaluable to the Glaciarium which made the offer three weeks ago through an Australian friend of Drobny.

PATAUDI MUM ON

CALCUTTA, July 19 (P.T.I.-Nawab of Pataudi, a former India test captain, said here today that any statement from him on the Amarnath controversy, instead of closing the unhappy chapter, might prolong it.

Interviewed by the Press Trust of India, the Nawab said that Amarnath had sent him a letter asking him to detailed reply that he had given to the charges brought against him by the President of the Board of Cricket Control in India and had asked him to let the public know what the latter thought about the whole thing.

For two reasons, the Nawab said he had remained absolutely silent on the subject. Firstly, he was not fully acquainted with the other side of the picture and, secondly any statement from him, instead of closing this unhappy chapter, might prolong the controversy.

Nawab of Pataudi, who is now visiting Calcutta as officer, a special duty under the External Affairs Ministry, Government of India, to find out the general trend of trade, visited yesterday the Indian Chamber of Commerce. Today he will meet the Bengal Chamber and the Bharat Chamber.

VITTAL BEATEN IN BANGALORE

BANGALORE, July 18.
India International M.V.S. Vital, suffered a sensational defeat here tonight in the semi-final of the Bourdillon Y.M.C.A. Table-Tennis Tournament, when a local player, R. D. Sarma put him out in a five-game duel. The scores were 14-21, 21-15, 21-11, 19-21, 21-14, in favour of the winner.

Vital had however the consolation of winning the doubles semi-final engagement in partnership with K. S. Krishnaswami.

K. S. Krishnaswami, who was concerned in the other semi-final in the men's singles was beaten by K. Shivdasani, former Sind champion. Shivdasani conceded only on game to his opponent, the scores being 21-15, 21-14, 10-21, 21-10.

SPORTS JOTTINGS By R. C. H. Carter

Lone Eagle Favourite For St. Leger

Lord Derby's Swallow Tail, who, one had been led to believe, was quite a reformed character since he raced in blinkers, at Epsom, and put up such a fine finish with Nimbus and Amour Drake in the Derby, has sadly disappointed his stable again. He failed miserably in the Queen Elizabeth Stakes at Ascot, coming in last but one in a field of seven. And as he was still wearing blinkers there seemed to be no real excuse for his poor performance, even though he might have suffered a little bumping in the early stages of the race.

The race was won by the American-owned Lone Eagle, with the Irish champion Beau, Sabreur second and Bey taking the third place from Royal Drake. Mr. William Woodward, Lone Eagle's American owner, who won the St. Leger in 1936 and again last year with Black Tarquin must now have high hopes of winning the race for the third time at Doncaster in September.

Lone Eagle has already displaced Swallow Tail as the favourite for that race, and his success at Ascot must have been some compensation to his owner for his Black Tarquin's recent defeat by Lord Derby's colt, Alycidon, in the Gold Cup. It is a case of time having his revenge but perhaps it could not be altogether wise to dismiss Swallow Tail's chances at Doncaster after his Ascot performance. He is clearly a horse of moods.

Faster Than Lindwall?

The West Indies cricketers, who are touring England next summer, are apparently relying on four really fast bowlers to find the weakness in England's batsmen. One of these, Goodrich, aged 20, is said to be considerably faster than Australia's Lindwall.

If this is the case—and he has more in his bowling than mere pace—England's batsmen may look forward to having an exciting time in next year's Test.

Keith Miller, sometimes called cricket's greatest all rounder, is being invited to leave his native Australia and take up residence in Yorkshire to play in the Bradford League. Seeking his services are Windward, the club which signed Leary Constantine and started him for several seasons. Constantine has now left to study law in London after a £500 benefit.

Coming to England in 1951 are Australia's women cricketers and—though this is a long way off—the English Women's Cricket Association is already busy considering how the necessary funds are to be raised. The Australians are paying their own fares, but their hospitality will certainly cost the English Association a large sum of money. England has over 200 women cricket clubs with 65 affiliated girls' schools.

NEW GOLF CHAMPION

For the first time since 16 years ago, the British Open Golf Championship ended in a tie, and the championship had to be decided by two more rounds between Bobby Locke of South Africa, and Harry Bradshaw from Eire. The former won, beating the Irishman by 12 strokes.

Locke, who is 31 years of age, started playing golf at the age of 14. At an early age he had won the open and amateur championships of South Africa, and since the war, as a professional, he has been prominent in American tournaments, though this is the first championship he has won.

The Bombay Chronicle

The noblest movements are apt to outlive their usefulness when their zeal develops into formation; an ideal creates an institution, and then the institution suffocates the ideal.

—RAMSAY MUIR

PROBLEMS OF THE CONGRESS

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's admission to the 60-man group in the U.P. Congress Legislature Party not to play the role of disruptionists is suggestive of other methods being contemplated by the Congress Working Committee to eradicate abuses and malpractices in the administration. It also indicates that this group was formed against the wishes of the official Congress in the U. P. and its activities were regarded as a potential danger to the party organisation. The attitude of Pandit Jawaharlal is perfectly correct. No party can allow splits within it. But it also imposes a heavy responsibility on the Working Committee and the U. P. Congress Ministry in the U. P. to heal the wounds which have given rise to opposition within the party itself. The Working Committee is considering a directive to Provincial Congress Committees to refrain from voting no-confidence in provincial ministers. The trend everywhere is to strengthen the Congress Governments. But this is only a negative approach so far as the admissions to dissenters goes. By silencing criticism, the Congress cannot achieve what is necessary, active and enthusiastic support to the policies of the Government. This can only be secured by making Congressmen feel that the acts of the Government are in every way measures to implement a programme which they all value. Pandit Jawaharlal was on sounder ground when he asked U.P. Congressmen to organise for food, than the two U. P. Ministers who called for an all-out campaign against Communism.

The Congress Working Committee would do well to direct its Governments to push forward with concrete measures for food, cloth and housing to meet the real needs of the people. Provincial ministries must be formed with a view to securing the most practical men for these tasks. If any opinion can be formed from the approach to the Bengal problem, it seems that the Working Committee is inclined more to regard cabinet-making as a job calling for adjustment of various groups within the party than to deal with it as a matter of providing good men for carrying out essential work. A composite ministry, whether before or after general elections, can conceivably lead to the same dissatisfaction in a province as prevails before its formation; it might even

retard progress by carrying into the ministry the quarrels that manifest themselves among Congressmen in general. But a Ministry which settles down to work and functions with efficiency, will certainly achieve stability and command respect. Already a warning of the futility of mere mechanical adjustment in the Cabinet has come unwittingly from Mr. Chandra Das, President of the South Calcutta District Congress, who in answer to the Indian Prime Minister's criticism of Calcutta Congress workers virtually says that there are men there who have courage but find themselves unable to speak for the policies of the Congress Government in Bengal. A feeble retort but one which is quite significant.

The condemnation of practical-minded critics in the Congress as saboteurs is, to put it mildly, injudicious. On all hands it is admitted that there is a need for overhauling (revisiting if that is preferred) the Congress Party. The 60-man group of the U. P. Legislature Party and other groups similarly formed in some other provinces have come into being because there has been much open talk but little action to correct abuses. They are composed of Congressmen who, to all outward appearance take the party responsibilities seriously. So far as the public can judge they stand for a higher ideal of public service than prevails at present. If they are either lost to the party or bent to acquiescence in things as they are, it will be a loss to the country and to the Congress which we can ill afford. It is no doubt lamentable that differences should appear in the Congress Party but it would be unfair to blame it all on those who are out of official position. The truth is that the overhauling which is so urgent a necessity has been shelved—largely because administrative matters claimed the attention of the moving spirits in the Congress. Now that the task cannot be postponed and is pressing itself on the notice of the leaders, there is a danger that decisions will be inspired more by emotion than clear thinking. Pandit Jawaharlal's frequent references to "dissolving the Congress" though uttered as preferences to some other course of action, are not indicative of a judicious frame of mind. Before irritations explode and do irreparable damage, would be well to consider the question of renovating the Congress.

The Vatican And The Communist

The Roman Catholic Church and the Communist Party are at the opposite ends of the pole. The one is "totalitarian"—in the strict sense of the word—in the spiritual sphere; the other is totalitarian in the material. But because the object of their interests is the same, conflict arises—sometimes beneath the surface, at other times flaring and open. A series of conflicts between Communist Governments and Catholic priests—Cardinal Mindszenty in Hungary to Archbishop Beran and the Bishops in Czechoslovakia—has served as an extreme provocation to the Vatican and the Czech Government's declaration of intention to take over the Roman Catholic Church in Czechoslovakia has proved the proverbial last straw. A brief summary, purporting to be the gist of the Vatican's decision, was cabled out. It said that:

- (1) it is illegal for Catholics to be Communists or to condone Communism;
 - (2) it is illegal for Catholics to print, distribute or read literature propagating Communism;
 - (3) if Catholics are guilty of these acts, they cannot be admitted to the Holy Sacrament;
 - (4) Catholics who are willing Communists can be excommunicated.
- The summary lacks clarity and is hardly characteristic of the Vatican. The word "illegal", in the context of Roman Catholic policy, has no meaning. Nor is it conceivable that the Church should talk in terms of "legality" which it has not hitherto done. There seem to be gradations of disfavour, ranging from refusal of the Holy Sacrament to excommunication. The permissive approach to excommunication implies that it is not in-

sisted upon. As it has been cabled and tentative. It reiterates the opposition to Communism and reserves the right to apply extreme measures to individual Catholics in that Party.

The restrictions on reading Communist literature is almost an admission that there is no way of countering it. We recall that the Roman Catholic Church does believe in censorship but this wholesale condemnation of a philosophy and way of life which has been tolerated for several years is bound to create complications. The devout Catholic and the Russian Communist will not find much trouble in facing the issues raised in the decree: It will be in the countries of Eastern Europe that the greatest strain will be seen. Though the Church has let it be known that the prevalence of Communist compulsion in these nations makes Communist leanings less objectionable it is here that the conflict between Communism and the Vatican has been most blurred in the past. The Communists seem to have taken the decree with remarkable calm which is rather ominous. So far as the ban on Communist literature goes the Vatican will meet with as much success as the Russian Communists did in putting down religion. In the direct challenge that has been offered by both sides nothing is so certain as a compromise. The Vatican has had a long record of political experience and it has passed through both resistance and compromise. Communists are adept at accommodation, even if it be strategic. The issues raised and the suffering that will follow are by no means commensurate with the final conclusion that is inevitable.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT—

The Division Bench of the Sind Chief Court has dismissed the Habeas Corpus petition filed on behalf of Qazi Ataulah, former Congress Minister of North-west Frontier Province questioning the validity of his detention under the Public Safety Act. —Katachi Report.

* * * Describing the attempted violence at the Prime Minister's meeting at Calcutta as "an attack on democracy in India", a public meeting in Lucknow, addressed, among others, by two U.P. Ministers has called upon the people to declare "a total war against the Communist Party of India if democracy is to be saved in the country". We fully support this call. But wouldn't it be great help if democrats tried simultaneously to set their house in order?

* * * Mr. Sarag, a U.N. Kashmir Commission member, presiding over the Indo-Pakistan "cease-fire" line conference in Karachi urged that the proposed line carried with it no pre-judgment of a future agreement on political issues relating to a truce. But, of course, it helps the Commission further to India's consent to the presence of Pakistan troops in Kashmir Sh—don't mention the word "aggression" or "aggressor".

* * * By the way, while the Indian military delegation was led only by Lieutenant-General Shrinagsh, his opposite number on the other side was no less a personage than that distinguished Pakistan citizen and pride of the nation, Major-General Cawthorn.

* * * Got it? Good. Thus, Sarag, Chandra, Bose in the latest of his daily pronouncements from London: "I appeal to the Government of India, I beg them, to put a stop to police and Government terrorism, detention without trial and firing on unarmed people in processions".

* * * When Sarag Babu comes into power we shall appeal to him, we shall beg him, to put a stop to this that and the other against Communists, whom he too has excluded from his own prospective camp.

* * * A Sir Stafford Cripps has declared that the Commonwealth Finance Ministers' Conference has been "one of the most successful Commonwealth conferences we have ever held".

* * * Yet another very loud proof of the preparations that are being made for war on the Soviet Union and the progressive forces inside the war-thirsty camp.

* * * Moscow, July 17: A plane carrying a huge portrait of Stalin and a formation of aircraft spelling out the words "Glory to Stalin" opened the Soviet Union's annual Aviation Day near Moscow today.—PTI-Russia.

* * * A very correct and quite realistic opening. And appropriately—or inappropriately, it's all a matter of how it's looked at and wherefrom—"Lieutenant-General Vassily Stalin, son of the Russian leader, led the Soviet Air Force jet planes in battle formation across the field."

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Millowners' Grievances

Two more textile mills of Ahmedabad have put out notices informing the millowners that on account of heavy accumulation of cloth stocks the night shifts will be closed in a month. If the shift is stopped nearly 2,000 workers will lose their employment. It is said that the Ahmedabad Textile Directorate says that the accumulated stocks are not more than usual during the monsoon and that when the harvest season is over trade will find its normal level when the millowners feel so gripped as to close in closing their mills or reducing their shifts and thus cause unemployment, their grievances need to be carefully investigated, if only to prevent unemployment and underproduction. If on inquiry it is found that the complaints are baseless no relief should be given. But an inquiry is necessary wherever a "prima facie" case is made out for one.

The Real Cause

M. Marins Montet, former Minister for Overseas Territories, speaking at the annual meeting of the French Socialist Party in Paris, has made an appeal to the big Powers to form a common policy on Asia. What M. Montet meant was that the present Asian situation was, according to him, a threat to peace, but if the great powers presented a united front they might reach a "modus vivendi" with Russia. It has, apparently, necessitated a Red menace for the big Powers, that is to say, realise that there was an Asian situation too. But that is not yet fully realised by European Imperialism. It is that the Asian situation is fundamentally the creation not of Red Russia but of the Imperialist powers, who either refuse to recognise Asian resurgence or, recognising it, try to get round it somehow. Holland presents and example of the latter and Portugal that of the former. France in its

CONCEPT OF SATELLITE STATES—II

THE BASIS OF IMPERIALISM

REVOLUTION FROM THE RED ANGLE

In the drive for complete political domination of the war-torn lands in Eastern Europe, Moscow knew how to capitalize on both genuine and artificially-cultivated fear of Germany's resurrection. This was the one basic element of common interest in an area otherwise bristling with conflicts. Therefore, in all the post-war treaties of friendship, collaboration and mutual assistance signed by Moscow with the satellite states one finds a special clause providing for mutual aid in the event of a new German attack.

BY SERGIUS YAKOBSON

MOSCOW'S propaganda line is perhaps best expressed in the words of the hero of a recent novel by the Soviet author Simonov, "DYM OTECHESTVA".

"Such things as the German atrocities cannot be forgotten and must be remembered again and again, because the Americans will not remember for us, and the Germans are glad to forget". However, the wording and meaning of the anti-German clause in the Soviet treaties with the satellite countries has sinister implications. It stipulates—for instance, in the Treaty with Bulgaria of March 18, 1948—that all measures were to be taken jointly not only against Germany, but against "any other State whatsoever which may unite itself with Germany directly or in any other manner whatsoever".

Stage Actors

The origin of the post-war satellite status of Eastern European countries is to be found in the demands of Moscow in the early years of the war for the establishment of so-called "friendly" Governments in the countries adjacent to the Soviet Union. These demands were originally voiced by Stalin to his Western allies in the innocuous guise of a Soviet desire for additional strategic security for the communist State, and strange as it may seem, many people took him at his word. Even as late as 1947 the author of a popular book, RUSSIA: MENACE OR PROMISE, endeavored to prove that Russia was not "trying to set up governments composed solely of Communists along its borders".

On the contrary, the Kremlin has learned from its experience in Finland... that the Russian formula may be no means be applicable to countries with a different historical experience. Fortunately, however, there were others who had a more accurate comprehension of the true character of the Soviet demand. It was clear, for instance, to Secretary Byrnes that the Soviet "idea of a friendly Government was a Government completely dominated by them". But Byrnes failed to impress Molotov at Yalta with his view "that Soviet security would be better assured by having in Poland a people

who were friendly, rather than a Government that was friendly only because it was dictated to by the Soviet Union". Unsuccessfully he argued that "Governments would come and go, but that if the Soviet Government's conduct in Poland won the friendship of the people, the friendship of the Government would be assured".

Soviet insistence upon friendly neighboring governments immediately becomes suspect when we consider it in the light of the basic Soviet contention that the Communist State can never feel safe until its capitalist encirclement has been replaced by a socialist one. A cartoon in a New York paper some time ago gives a good picture of the ominous advance of the Soviets in their quest for additional security: we see the Russian Communists industriously building wall after wall west of the Kremlin until at last the whole of Europe to the shores of the Atlantic has been securely entrenched against the capitalist foe.

"New Democracies"

Toward the end of the war the Soviet demand for "friendly" governments gave way to overt pressure for a complete change in the political, economic, social and cultural setup of the neighboring countries. Moscow's official definition for the seven new Soviet satellite States established in the post-war period along the Soviet European frontier and farther away was "new democracies", "democracies of a special type", or "people's democracies".

The term was not altogether new. It had appeared previously in the late 1930's, with reference to the Soviet Asiatic satellites—Outer Mongolia and Tannu-Tuva—when both were officially declared as "bourgeois democratic republics of the new type, anti-feudalistic and anti-imperialistic, gradually advancing on the road of non-capitalistic development". Later, in 1940, the Communist leader Mao Tse-tung devoted an entire treatise to the presentation of the theory of a "new democracy" in China. This was to be a peculiar type of human society, morally and politically a halfway stage between the "united dictatorship of all anti-imperialist classes" but based firmly on the

ground with a view to preparing the ground for the Washington Conference and the Finance Ministers are making themselves available for these discussions. The question of the new type of Government and the Indian position will be finalised in Delhi. It might be desirable to go slow on some of the long-term plans with a view to the difficulty of securing foreign exchange, however, has been driven well home and the necessary adjustments will be forthcoming. The insistence on food self-sufficiency assumes an added meaning: It is no longer a choice between restricting food imports and not spending on other needs, but a necessity for food economy for survival.

Without A Star

Astrologers and soothsayers generally are resourceful people. Galeotti, threatened with death by Louis XI, put off the noose by suggesting that he should be executed by the Emperor would follow him. Rasputin kept the Tsar and the nobility in two by predicting ruin for Russia six months after his death until some were convinced that even national ruin was a small price to pay for getting rid of the pest. But, the soothsayers of Lahore seem a miserable lot. Two of the fraternity spread the story that a fatwa issued by the Ulama ordered the banning of the profession. And all that the others could think of was forming a union. They can be excused for distrusting their stars, even for disbelieving their own ability to read them; but there is no justification for their not using their own intelligence. What can a union do? On the other hand, as a banned business fortune-telling would have yielded far higher dividends than their practice yielded in days of legitimacy. Today 2,000 dabbblers in the future are said to earn some Rs. 5 per head per day in Lahore. Once the business is declared illegal, income will soar up and the unit will be eliminated. Now there is an incentive to act for the Pakistan Government since it is aware of the helplessness of the soothsaying tribe and since the laws of Islam frown on fortune-telling. It was sheer folly of the Lahore star-gazers to give out the secret that, whilst it is possible for a government to do without astrologers, it is not possible for astrologers to do without the government.

Dollar Cuts

The London Conference of Dominion Finance Ministers has ended as might have been foreseen. Confronted with the critical situation which the Dominions found Britain in, there was no question of immediate pressing of individual demands. All the units had to accept some measure of accommodation. The realities of the situation also necessitated that the special difficulties of the less developed Dominions be recognised by the others and allowance be made for a smaller reduction of the dollar "retrenchment". The rest has been shelved till September when further discussions will take place, between Britain, Canada and America at Washington. Experts are continuing their consultations in Lon-

OUR READERS' VIEWS

"Annapurana" Manure

May I invite public attention through your columns, to the "annapurana" manure which has been devised by an expert scientist Dr. P. M. Dikshit and has been adopted by the Rural Development Section of the Vaidya Vidyanagar after prolonged tests.

Made out of indigenous materials, the manure is remarkably cheap. It is free from all the dangers of foreign fertilisers which the Government have decided to produce at an exorbitant cost. Seeds of any food grains or cash crop may be placed in solution of one fourth the quantity of the manure-powder in ten times its weight of water. After the seeds have been kept in the solution for about ten hours and impregnated with the substance of the manure, these may be taken out, dried thoroughly and sown in the usual manner. As the manure costs about two rupees a pound in bulk, its cost is negligible and can be easily carried in a small pocket to fertilise a couple of acres of any crops.

The results have only to be seen on the farms of the Vaidyanagar to be believed. Seeds treated with the manure sprout rapidly, throw up strong seedlings which grow into robust stems within a few weeks. Even ordinary Bajra sown as above gave extraordinary long pods, some of which were 27 in. in length and which on an average were 20-22 in. in length and 1 1/2 in. in diameter. Such results could be multiplied for all varieties of crops.

The proof of the pudding is however in the eating. According to Dr. Dikshit's information a farmer secured 35 mds. (cucha) of Bajra within 82 days from an acre of manured seed while he got 25 mds. within 90 days from an unmanured acre nearby. Wheat is a proverbial winter crop. Treated seeds sown in an acre, however, gave a bumper crop of 20 mds. within 115 days of the last sowing while a simple acre gave only 5 mds. in a much longer period. What is even more interesting, pods of manured Bajra and Maize proved sweet enough to be attacked by bees and ants alike. This manure, rightly labelled "Annapurana"—literally meaning full of food value—was brought to the notice of our Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and a memorandum was submitted on the subject to him when he visited Vaidyanagar last February. It was also presented to our Food Minister on his recent visit to the celebrated institution. And yet we hear nothing about it in all the perverted appeals made to the people to grow more food.

Luckily, farmers in the country have begun to realise the value of this unique manure, from Deccan and distant Madras, Baras and Hyderabad, Cutch and Saurashtra the rich and the poor have vied with each other in pouring orders for the fertiliser. Tons have already been sold. It is to be hoped that the Government will not lag far behind in promoting the use of this extraordinary manure which has been placed on the market by an institution associated with the name of the greatest peasant-politician of India and which can enable the country to produce all the food it requires within the next few years.

—INDULAL YAGNIK.

"Sangeet Yagna"

I am very grateful indeed, for the messages of congratulations, that are pouring in daily, from my friends and admirers all over India, for the success of the "Sangeet Yagna" held at Surat, on the 8th, 9th and 10th inst.

I do not for a moment believe, that it was my prayers and my singings of the "Malhar Raga" that has pleased God Yama. In fact, the Almighty was touched by the prayers of the millions, and the fervent appeal of the suffering humanity; and He showered His blessings.

Sound and speech are intimately connected with the mind that surrounds us. The power of "Nada" is immeasurable. These are absolute facts, but it has not been possible to demonstrate them, for want of adequate super scientific instruments and apparatus. This can be achieved only if the State actively co-operates. Mu that day dawn soon!

Man proposes, God disposes. All credit must therefore, go to Him who disposes. I have India, for His temple place. His Divine Feet, all the credit that is being given to me Om!

—OMKARNATH THAKUR.

A Warning

The Tito-Kremlin struggle has had repercussions far beyond those involved. (Continued on Page 9)

The members of the Angling Club are not the only ones who deplete Pawai Lake of its fish. The other evening as we walked along the water's edge we heard a splash and saw a bird rather larger than the common Pariah Kite come up out of the water and fly up to a decapitated palm stump with a gleaming fish about eight inches long in its talons. For some time it sat on the tall stump holding the still struggling fish firmly while it spread out its wings to dry. The bird was a typical bird of prey, brown above and white below with some brown markings, a white head, and a hooked beak. When we tried to get nearer the tree for a better view, all the koles in the vicinity set up such a fearful chorus that the bird flew off across the lake, carrying its unfinished meal in its claws. When I got home I immediately went to bird books to try to identify it. By process of elimination, the description of the Osprey seemed to fit it more nearly than any other, but the Osprey is normally a winter visitor to Saisette. Salim Ali says, however, that it is probable that young non-breeding Ospreys may remain with us throughout the year so I feel that

BIRD OF PREY.

REDS ENTER HUNAN PROVINCE

Border Crossed At Two Points

CANTON, July 19 (P. T. I.-Reuter)

CHINESE Communist armies, striking south-west from Naichang, Kiangsi Province, have crossed into Hunan Province at two points and are continuing to advance, according to reports today from usually reliable sources in Changsha, capital of Hunan.

Hengyang and Leiyang, on the Canton-Hankow Railway, were believed to be the Communist objectives.

Hengyang, 90 miles south of Changsha and Leiyang, 35 miles south of Hengyang. All available information in Canton indicated that the Communists intend to bypass Changsha.

Earlier reports said the Nationalists had recaptured Kian, important town 300 miles north of Canton.

A report reaching here today confirmed that Pinking, 90 miles north-west of Changsha, was in Communist hands.

Communists were also reported to have taken Shasi, midway on the Yangtze between Hankow and Ichang. These reports added that six Communist divisions had begun crossing the Yangtze at points between Ichang and Shasi.

Chinese Communist authorities today issued down the United States Information Service Office in Peiping, according to a report received here.

The Communists said this action had been taken because no diplomatic relations existed between themselves and the United States, the report said.

NATIONALISTS WIPED OUT SHANGHAI (UPI): The official newspaper, "Emancipation Daily," said Tuesday that four Kuomintang divisions were completely wiped out at six Communist bases in the Yangtze region on the first day of a big offensive launched by the First Field Army, the Communist Command in the 3rd-west.

The newspaper added that the repelling victories at the outlet of the Yangtze, smashed all chances of the Kuomintang might have had of trying to make a come-back under the leadership of General Hu Tsung-shan or Ma Hsueh-wei.

The New China News Agency said that 16 cities were captured in the preliminary phase of the drive. General Lin Piao's efficient Manchurian forces, driving against troops guarding Suichuan on the Hupeh border were off-sank, the biggest Yangtze inland river port, already are said to have taken five towns.

he strong North-west drive is mounting speed along the western coast of the Yangtze, which cuts east and west through Central China from Northern Kiangsi Province to Southern Kansu Province, a distance of about 800 miles through four provinces.

Very Secret Mission

NEW YORK, July 19 (PTI-Reuter): U. S. Representative G. Sanjevi, Director of the Indian Intelligence Bureau, left New York by air today for London and India.

He had spent four weeks in the United States, and one week in Canada.

Le would not comment on his visit to the United States, but said he could not possibly disclose the objects of his visit, he said.

An Indian Consular Representative who accompanied Mr. Sanjevi to the airport, said Mr. Sanjevi's mission had been of a very secret nature.

Stop Press

FIGHTING RAGES IN GUATEMALA GUATEMALA CITY, July 19, (U. P. A.): Heavy fighting raged today between the Government and revolutionary troops in the second day of an attempt to unseat President Juan Jose Arevalo.

BANARAS STATE RULER INVITED BANARAS, July 19, (UPI): The Ministry for States, Government of India has degraphically invited the Banarasi ruler, Shri Vibhuti Narain Singh to Delhi for deliberations relating to the future of the State if it is to be a princely state.

The Maharaja is expected to leave for New Delhi towards the end of this month.

STATUS OF LAOS PARIS, July 19, (PTI-Reuter): M. Vincent Auriol, the French President and King Sisavong of Laos, Indo-China, signed an agreement here today confining on Laos the status of an independent state within the French Union.

CEYLON LIFTS BAN COLOMBO, July 19, (PTI-Reuter): The Government of Ceylon has lifted the ban on Dutch ships and aircraft entering Ceylon airfields and harbours it was announced here today.

ANGLOPAK STERLING TALKS LONDON, July 19, (PTI-Reuter): Anglo-Pakistan sterling talks which were resumed here this week.

The talks, begun during the last week of May, were postponed about four weeks later, owing to the Commonwealth Finance Ministers' London Conference.

British and Pakistani financial experts have already almost concluded their work.

BACK TO WORK? LONDON, July 19, (UPI): The Government appointed a Docks Labour Board today and ordered all the striking dock workers back on their job by Thursday morning. The Board is composed of employers and employees and will control the working conditions on the docks. Failure to return to work by Thursday would "jeopardize the very existence of the scheme which the dockers struggled to

NEWS BRIEFS

(Compiled from P. T. I., U. P. I. and U. P. A. despatches).

The State Motor Transport in the United State of Travancore and Cochin, has been declared a public utility service with effect from July 16.

Official circles in New Delhi on July 19 denied the report that Mahe, a French settlement in India, was not receiving supplies of food grains from India since the expiry of the customs agreement.

For the first time in the history of the Madras High Court women have been summoned to serve as jurors in the third criminal session of the High Court commencing from August 1.

Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbahai, Chairman of the Gujarat Famine Relief Committee, said in Rajkot on July 19 that following good rainfall in all parts of Gujarat, relief works were being discontinued after August 15.

Twenty persons were buried alive on July 19 in a landslide caused by a week-end typhoon at Kumamoto on Kyushu Island (Japan). Rescue teams saved 11 victims who were still alive. Three bodies were recovered.

No settlement was in sight on July 19 for New York City's five-day old bus strike but a threatened sympathy "slow down" by subway workers during the morning rush hour failed to materialize.

Nine British soldiers were convicted in Fayid Suez Canal Zone on July 19 by court martial of inflicting grievous bodily harm on an Egyptian civilian Aly Hussein, at Geneva, Canal Zone, last March.

A heavy hailstorm massacred two-thirds of famed Saint Marks Square pigeons in Venice on Monday afternoon and caused damage estimated at 100,000,000 lire. There were no human casualties.

Surplus coal stocks were being thrown into the sea at the Kyushu port of Kokura (Japan) to avoid the danger of ignition by the summer heat, according to the Japanese Maritime Bureau. Latest reports of the coal stocks in Japan estimate the stockpile of 3,740,000 metric tons.

An agreement for handing over management of the Jain temples on the Gir mountains to the Jain community was signed in Rajkot on July 19 by Mr. V. Ishwaram, Chief Secretary of the Government of India, and Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbahai, a mill-owner of Ahmedabad.

Delivering judgment on a Habeas Corpus petition moved on behalf of Mr. Somasundaram, their lordships observed that the "petitioner's activities although undoubtedly a nuisance to the Government gave no cause for anticipating that it was necessary to detain him in order that public order might be maintained. He seems to have attacked the Government on many occasions, but the things that he is alleged to have said on those occasions are of much the same character as the speeches of other persons more favourably placed that one finds reported in the daily press.

"In the above circumstances" their lordships further observed, "the petitioner was improperly detained and he must be set at liberty."

BURMESE PLANES HIT REBEL POSITIONS RANGOON, July 19, (PTI-Reuter): Burma Air Force planes inflicted heavy casualties on insurgent concentration in the Pegu District north of Rangoon, tonight's official "communiqué" said.

32 of 32 Karens were killed when Government forces beat off insurgent attacks in the Thant District of south-eastern Burma. Government forces lost four killed.

The "communiqué" reported that rebels had derailed a Government train near Mandalay.

'Quake Shock In Kashmir SRINAGAR, July 19, (UPI): A severe earthquake shock was experienced in Kashmir, at 11-15 p.m. last night. People rushed out of doors into the open spaces. No loss of life or property was reported.

Last week four mild earthquake shocks were experienced on a single day.

SAFEGUARDING IDENTITY OF TRUST AREAS LAKE SUCCESS, July 19 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

THE United Nations Trusteeship Council yesterday recommended that the General Assembly allow it to continue a study of administrative unions in trust territories, "in order to safeguard the identity and status" of the trust areas.

The Council, by eleven votes in favour with the United States abstaining, also requested the administering authorities of the trust areas concerned to furnish separate records, statistics and other information "in order to safeguard the effective exercise of the Council's supervisory functions."

The Council's Special Committee on Administrative Unions was established as a result of a General Assembly resolution calling for a study of the unions.

The resolution adopted yesterday recalled the articles in the Trusteeship Agreements which forbid the administering authorities "powers to establish any form of political association between the trust territories respectively administered by them and the adjacent territories which would involve annexation of the trust territories in any sense or would have the effect of extinguishing it."

CHARTER VIOLATIONS Earlier Mr. A. A. Soldatov (Soviet Union) maintained that there was a "tendency for the administering authorities for Tanganyika, Ruanda-Urundi and New Guinea towards factual an-

RURAL DEVELOPMENT BOARD FOR EACH BARODA DISTRICT

PLANS FOR REDISTRIBUTION OF MERGED TERRITORY

BARODA, July 19 (UPI).

At a conference of the Collectors held in his office, yesterday, Mr. V. T. Dehejia, the Special Commissioner of Baroda, explained the proposed redistribution of the merged Baroda territory and discussed the details of the staff necessary for each Collectorate, Division, Taluka and Mahal, as also of the number of Talatis, Circle Inspectors and Circle officers required.

While fixing up the staff, special attention was paid to the existence of large number of Municipalities in the State territory and to the requirements of famine, Penancy Laws, money lending, land acquisition and election work. For purposes of determining the staff necessary for the talukas, they were divided into three groups, heavy, medium, and light. It is proposed to provide a separate district supply officer for each district.

It was also disclosed that after complete integration, a Rural Development Board will be set up in each district. The main functions of the Board will be to look after rural development problems and distribution of iron etc.

A Circle Officer for a group of 40 villages and a Circle Inspector for 25 villages have been proposed. The scheme of reorganisation of the above mentioned offices will not only put these offices on uniform lines but will also bring these offices in Baroda territory in line with those in Bombay territory.

The conference was attended by senior special commissioners, Collectors of Baroda State districts, Survey and Settlement, Superintendent and Deputy Director of Civil Supplies.

DISPOSAL OF COTTON TEXTILES Provincial Governments Still Experimenting

(From Our Correspondent) NEW DELHI, July 19. The attitude of provincial governments in respect of disposal of cotton textiles is causing anxiety here as, because of accumulated stock, textile mills are threatening to close down.

The Government of India had laid down a time limit within which provincial governments were to take up their quotas, failing which such quotas were to be allocated to unlicensed dealers to be approved by provincial governments. Some provincial governments, however, are delaying the acceptance of their recognition to such unlicensed dealers to whom quotas have been allocated. They have been experimenting with co-operative sale organisations which, in most cases, proved a flop.

With the exception of a few centres the Government of India have already lifted cloth rationing. Its next step is likely to be to abolish licensing of retailers. This should be an indication that the Government are working towards a policy of free trade as soon as conditions permit them to do so.

Co-operative organisations would lose their cushion as soon as free trade is restored. In any case the present economic crisis is not an appropriate time for experimenting. It is urged here.

57 GERMAN EXPERTS IN INDIA (From Our Correspondent) NEW DELHI, July 19. During the period from April 1, 1948 to March 31, 1949, 57 German experts were recruited on one-year agreements in the first instance, which could be extended if necessary. I learn Industries for which recruitment has been made, cover a wide field and include iron and steel, chemicals, ceramics, ship-building, paper, textiles and engineering. The Government of India have also modified the procedure for their recruitment.

It is now possible for Indian firms to obtain services of German technicians by entering into some form of direct agreement through the agency of the Indian Military Mission at Berlin.

Section 144 Orders Lifted In Calcutta CALCUTTA, July 19, (PTI)—In view of the improved situation in the city, orders under Section 144 Cr. P. C. have been withdrawn from Calcutta and suburbs, except in areas of Dal-house Square and Legislative Assembly with effect from tomorrow.

The order has been in force in the city with occasional breaks since the beginning of the year.

Armed Crowd Clashes With Police At Dibrugarh

TWO WOMEN KILLED IN FIRING DIBRUGARH (Assam), July 19 (PTI) The police have recovered from the Railway Colony about 300 acid bullets and jars, stored on roofs of houses, and lorry loads of bricks and a few daggers and hand grenades. A large quantity of Communist literature has also been found in the area.

Following a clash on Sunday between an armed crowd and a police party, an extensive search was conducted in the Railway Colony. In the clash, which followed the murder of a police Sub-Inspector, one woman was killed and four persons injured in police firing.

It is stated that the Sub-Inspector, accompanied by some constables, visited the colony on Saturday night to enquire into a case of assault at a cinema house in the colony. On their arrival there, the party was attacked by an armed crowd and the police officer was murdered. On receipt of information the Deputy Commissioner formed a batch of armed police went to the spot and cordoned the area. The crowd inside started showering bricks and acid bullets on the police party and the police then opened fire. Two women, one of whom later died, and three men were injured by the firing.

The other injured woman succumbed to her injuries today. The condition of the injured constables accompanying the murdered police officer is stated to be serious.

Four hundred and 20 persons have so far been arrested in connection with the incident.

Emergency In Guatemala

ARMY CHIEF MURDERED

GUATEMALA CITY, July 19 (PTI-Reuter).

PRESIDENT Arevalo of Guatemala today declared a state of "grave emergency" after heavy firing in Guatemala City last night.

A crisis was precipitated by a split in the armed forces following news of the assassination of Colonel Francisco Arana, Chief of the Armed Forces.

Eye-witnesses said the fighting started when Colonel Arana and a police official were shot and instantly killed by machine-gun fire.

Colonel Arana had just finished lunch in a restaurant near Guatemala City.

War planes made runs over the Presidential palace which also came under fire from machine-gunners. It was rumoured that the Minister of Defence, Jacobo Arbenz was defending the palace.

The telephone and telegraph services were suspended.

Way To Material Prosperity

Need For Planned Research

NEW DELHI, July 19, (UPI): "India has to produce the maximum amount of food and power in a minimum of time, and on the workers in the field of research depends the success and speed of this plan of development," said Shri U. R. Venkatacharya, Chief Engineer, Irrigation, Madras Government, and President of the Central Board of Irrigation, in the course of his presidential address at the nineteenth annual meeting of the Board's research committee, which opened at Simla yesterday.

Continuing, Shri Venkatacharya said that unless we have a clear picture of industry as it is today and as it ought to be tomorrow, next year and the year after, research, spearhead of progress, will not be planned in such a manner as to produce maximum results.

Now that India was free, Shri Venkatacharya said, research workers must think on entirely new lines. Personal ambitions should not hamper research, merit alone must count.

Shri Venkatacharya emphasised that if India was to attain material prosperity (the problem here was greater because the population was greater and density per square mile was greater) a vigorous drive was necessary. India had large underground and forest resources. The Himalayan regions contained large and enormous sources of power which could be made to find their productive channels.

"What America has achieved in material prosperity India also can," concluded Shri Venkatacharya.

MANIPUR'S ROAD LINK WITH INDIA CUT GAUHATI, July 19, (PTI): Overland communication between Manipur State and the rest of India has been cut following heavy subsidence on the Kohima-Imphal Road.

It is reported that at mile 74 the road has sunk to a depth of 20 feet, rendering impassable a 400-foot of track. This is the only good road which links Manipur with India.

It is stated the restoration on normal traffic, which was suspended on July 9, is not possible for at least a month.

Section 144 Orders Lifted In Calcutta

NEWSAGENT'S DUTY Ambalavanan was undefended. The Deputy Public Prosecutor said that there was no evidence that the accused was distributing the publications and stirring up trouble, but it was his duty to see that no publications passing through his hands were of a seditious nature.

Ambalavanan said in mitigation that he had been importing "For Val" for

People IN THE NEWS

DR. S. RADHAKRISHNAN POONA, July 19, (P. T. I.): Dr. S. Radhakrishnan and other members of the Universities Commission left Poona for Bombay on their way to Simla today.

During their three days stay here the Commission held talks about university education with Dr. M. R. Jayakar, Vice-Chancellor of the Poona University, principals of local colleges and other educationists.

RATANCHAND HIRACHAND BOMBAY, Tuesday. Seth Ratanchand Hirachand, has been recently elected, for the fourth year in succession, Chairman of the Engineering Association of India, Bombay Presidency Branch.

COMMODORE H. DREW AMBALA, July 19, (P. T. I.): Commodore H. Drew, Deputy Commander-in-Chief and Chief of Staff Royal Indian Navy, arrived in Ambala this morning on a visit to contact ex-soldiers and ex-sailors in the Ambala recruiting area.

TWO INDIANS JAILED IN MALAYA

Sale Of Newspapers Containing Articles On Ganapathy

KUALA LUMPUR, (Malaya), July 19 (PTI).

TWO Indians, S. Ramachandran Pillai and Ambalavanan, were each sentenced recently to six months' rigorous imprisonment, and a fine of 750 dollars (about Rs. 1,175) on charges of selling publications alleged to contain seditious articles. The sentences were awarded by the Sessions Judge, Mr. D. M. K. Grant.

Both the accused had pleaded "guilty," but had contended that the offences were technical. Pillai was alleged to have imported copies of the Indian newspaper "Netaji" and to have sold them and Ambalavanan, to have similarly imported and sold copies of the newspaper "For Val."

The Judge, awarding sentence, said that certain of these publications were known to have serious articles and they were sold by small news agents to other people. Once the sale was established, the offence was complete. The object of the punishment was to demonstrate unequivocally to other newspaper distributors of this country that they were responsible for the sales of publications, and that the community as a whole would be protected against seditious publications.

PUBLISHED FROM MADRAS Both newspapers are published from Madras Presidency. The subject of the articles in both the papers, alleged by the prosecution to be seditious, dealt with the execution of Ganapathy, Indian trade union leader who was charged, tried and condemned to death under the emergency regulations for possession of a pistol, and subsequently hanged.

In respect of the article in "Netaji" the Deputy Public Prosecutor said that the article was completely inaccurate and seditious regarding Ganapathy's trial and execution, and it would tend to cause disturbances among people who were unaware of the true facts.

It was contended for Pillai that he had ordered a number of newspapers published in Madras Presidency. These publications had been arriving for the last five months and up-to-date there had been no complaints against the contents. Pillai himself had no time to read the paper, for selling which he was now being prosecuted, because all the copies were sold out the same day.

Section 144 Orders Lifted In Calcutta

NEWSAGENT'S DUTY Ambalavanan was undefended. The Deputy Public Prosecutor said that there was no evidence that the accused was distributing the publications and stirring up trouble, but it was his duty to see that no publications passing through his hands were of a seditious nature.

Ambalavanan said in mitigation that he had been importing "For Val" for

It is further understood that the members of the Working Committee took note of the suggestion made by Shri Shankarrao Deo to inquire into the Madras ministerial accusations, it is learned here. The view held was that the Congress President could not institute an inquiry on his own initiative. He must come up before the Congress Parliamentary Board or Congress Working Committee for necessary instructions.

The same source has disclosed that Mr. Shankarrao Deo has reported that there was a prima facie case against certain Madras ministers and that there should be further inquiry.

Meanwhile, Mr. T. Prakasam, backed by a delegation representing his group has submitted a memorandum to the Working Committee demanding judicial inquiry into the conduct of certain Madras ministers. He was asked to specify charges which has been done.

When the Congress Working Committee meets this afternoon it will have to take a final decision on this issue. Indications are not wanting that the Committee may prefer judicial inquiry. Foreign Minister, Robert Schuman. After his leave he will go to Strasbourg to attend the Council of Europe.

Dr. Pattabhi's Action In Deputing Deo Criticised (From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, July 19. Congress President Dr. Pattabhi Sitaranaya came in for severe criticism by the Working Committee for his deputing Mr. Shankarrao Deo to inquire into the Madras ministerial accusations, it is learned here. The view held was that the Congress President could not institute an inquiry on his own initiative. He must come up before the Congress Parliamentary Board or Congress Working Committee for necessary instructions.

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It is said that Bevin probably will leave the end of this week and on his way through France would lunch with French Foreign Minister, Robert Schuman. After his leave he will go to Strasbourg to attend the Council of Europe.

Four hundred and 20 persons have so far been arrested in connection with the incident.

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HOW SHARES MOVE IN DALAL STREET

TATA STEEL DEFDS REACT AFTER EARLY SHARP RISE

The Bombay Stock Exchange opened very steady and under increased buying, prices recorded further gains. But later on technical considerations induced some profit-taking which was responsible for the retreat of Active shares.

Recently there had been heavy short covering and some accumulation of long contracts on hopes of last year's dividends on Tata shares and the price of shares which include the prospect of dividend were believed to be attractive. In the Textile group Bombay Dyeing is firmly held on a large scale by some professional operators. Thus there is now change in the general sentiment and there exists more disposition to buy on declines.

Tata Steel Defds opened to-day at Rs. 1232/8 and sharply advanced at Rs. 1260 under increased buying and short covering. Thereafter the market reacted in profit-taking and Defds were quoted at Rs. 1237. Ordinary shares which are in good demand opened at Rs. 256 and after advancing at Rs. 261 reacted at Rs. 258. Bombay Dyeing opened at Rs. 980 and after advancing at Rs. 990 reacted at Rs. 985. Kolorinors are now showing increased activity. A. the opening they were quoted at Rs. 245 and improved at Rs. 251 and steadied.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bulls Active To Take Advantage Of Penalty

BOMBAY, July 19. The recent behaviour of the local cotton market indicates that Bulls are buying September contract with a view to earn penalty of Rs. 7/8 per candy for failure to tender.

There is no official trading in New crop but private quotation is in the neighbourhood of Rs. 578 to Rs. 580. Recent rains give hopes for a 30 lakh bales cotton crop next season. Yesterday there was heavy speculative buying in September contract and prices recorded a gain of Rs. 7 per candy. To-day the market opened steady at Rs. 617 for September delivery and improved at Rs. 618. Owing to present price being near the ceiling level of Rs. 620 now there is not much room for further gain in price.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September Contract is 598 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331. The market advanced at Rs. 619-8 but reacted at Rs. 618 on long liquidation. Closing quotations were as under:-

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, July 18. KARNAK July 67.90+110. " Nov. 55.90+150. " Jan. 53.70+140. ASHMOUNI Aug. 44.72+87. " Oct. 44.77+81. " Dec. 44.75+92.

GOOD DEMAND FOR SILVER

Members Submit Statements Of Profits And Losses

BOMBAY, July 19. To-day being inward payment of losses in the members' house, members of the Bullion Exchange are busy sending their statements of profits and losses. The time allowed is upto 4 p.m. to-day.

There is meantime good demand for silver. The Reserve Bank of India again turned down all tenders for silver which were priced from Rs. 158 to Rs. 161.

Upcountry advices from Rajkot and Jodhpur markets were higher and ready silver in the local market was quoted at Rs. 161/4. Gold was also fairly firm with good enquiry and spot quotation at Rs. 114/8 while sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74/4.

Today's offtake of Silver was estimated at 300 bars. Final quotations were as under:-

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, July 19. 2 1/2 per cent 1954 93 11 0. 2 1/2 per cent 1950 100 10 0. 2 1/2 per cent 1955 99 14 0. 2 1/2 per cent 1961 99 10 0. 2 3/4 per cent 1960 99 9 0. 2 3/4 per cent 1962 99 7 0. 2 3/4 per cent 1976 95 12 0. 3 per cent non-terminable 98 0 0. 3 per cent 1956 Con. 98 3 0. 3 per cent 1949-52 100 3 0. 3 per cent 1951-54 101 12 0. 3 per cent 1953-55 102 0 0. 3 per cent 1957 101 10 0. 3 per cent 1959/61 101 5 0. 3 per cent 1963/65 100 9 0. 3 per cent 1966-68 100 5 0. 3 per cent 1970-75 100 1 0. 1 1/2 per cent 1954-59 104 12 0. 3 per cent 1960-70 110 7 0. 4 1/2 per cent 1950-55 102 8 0. 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 110 8 0. 4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 114 4 0.

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2 3/4 per cent U.P. 1961 97 0 0. 2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961 97 2 0. 3 per cent Bombay 1955 100 12 0. 3 per cent Bombay 1958 100 10 0. 3 per cent Punjab 1949 100 0 0. 3 per cent Madras 1952-53 100 6 0. 3 per cent U.P. 1952 100 6 0. 3 per cent C.P. 1952 100 6 0. 3 per cent N.W.F. 1952 98 2 0. 4 per cent U.P. 1961-66 99 14 0. 4 per cent B. Municipal 110 12 0. 4 per cent B. Municipal 110 8 0. 5 per cent B. Municipality 109 0 0. 1959 114 0 0. 3 per cent B. Municipal 1954 114 0 0. 3 per cent B. Municipal 1950-60 107 0 0.

OUTSIDE SHARES.

Burma Corporation 2 5/8. New Victoria Mills 2 0/0. Faltan (S) 105 0. Gold Mohoor 312 8. New Kaiser Hind 369 0. Sajjan 3B. (20) 231 8. Osmankhali (10) 257 8. Finlay 233 39 3/8. Gokak 234 38. I. U. Defd. 1-7 1-8 6 1-8 (Ex. Div.). I. U. Ord. 10-4 10-2 (Ex. Div.). Indore 117 15 17 1/8. Kolorinor 247 51 45. Minerva 110. Model 160. Morarji 427 8. New Great 130. Simplex 151 54 52. Svaldeshi 265 68 65. Swan 275. Tata Mills 43-8 45-8 45. B. Steam 215 20. Scindia 19-8 13-11 6 13-7 6. Baroda 120 20-8. Central 77-13 78-8 78-4. Central New 77-8. Imperial Old 175 87-8. Imperial New 438-12. India 175 74-8. Union 7-2. U. Commercial 42-8.

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

During the week ended the 15th July, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,10,25,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

PRODUCE MARKET

Professional Bulls Manipulate Groundnuts

BOMBAY, July 19. As pointed out after, Bulls are now manipulating groundnuts market. It is said that these professional Bulls are long to the extent of 10 thousand tons and so far they have taken delivery of about 4 thousand tons. The market is still short to the extent of six thousand tons on which bulls are likely to make bumper profits. As a matter of fact shorts find it increasingly difficult to cover their short sales and prices are moving up.

Offices have to make up their July shipment of linseed and -illers are not in a position to make deliveries. Thus shippers are compelled by on shorts' account to fulfil contracts in a rising market.

Quotations were as under:-

GROUNDNUTS—Khandesh quality 40 0 0. Coromandal ready 39 3 0. Bold ready 39 3 0. June-July 38 10 0. August-September 32 15 0. November-December 27 0 0. CASTORSEEDS—Ready 27 0 0. Linseed—Ready 30 6 0. June-July 30 2 0. August-September 29 8 0. GROUNDNUT OIL—Local Mills 21 12 0. Ready Mills 21 8 0. July 21 8 0. August 21 3 0. September 20 4 0. October 19 0 0. November 19 0 0. LINED OIL—Linseed oil 17 14 0. First pressing quality 17 0 0. Castorseed oil Commercial quality 16 8 0.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET.

(From Our Correspondent.) AHMEDABAD, July 19. Absence of buyers at a higher level and the heavy bear selling the market closed with a weak tone.

FLUCTUATIONS: Calico. Opened 974. Highest 979. Lowest 952. Arvind Opened 1362. Highest 1366. Lowest 1358.

Ambica Opened 385. Highest 386. Lowest 377. Deferred Opened 1237. Highest 1257. Lowest 1212.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS: Calico 953. Deferred 1218. Arvind 1360. Ambica 378. New Rajpur 275. Arjya Spinning 360 (XD). Vivianand 196-4. Navsari 665. Monogram 130-8. Mahalaxmi 397-8. Jupiter 290.

BLACK PEPPER IN NEW YORK. NEW YORK, July 18. (UPA). Black pepper futures closed irregular but prices in the spot market continued strong.

There were no sales reported in the futures market which finished 200 points higher to 200 points lower.

The spot market, black lampone, spurted to 1.12 dollars a pound and to 1.11 pound for Africa. The current price for spot represents an increase of about 12 cents since the middle of last week.

It was reported that dealers are very reluctant to part with their stocks, holding for expected higher prices.

White muntok pepper held at 150 dollars a pound. There was no interest in this market because many believe the current price is too high.

Closing prices: July, September, October, all 1.08 bid; December .98 bid; January .84 bid; March .73 nominal; May .68 nominal.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, July 18. 2-1/2 p.c. British Consols 75-1/8. 3-1/2 p.c. Conversion Loan 102-1/4. 4 p.c. Conversion Loan 1960/90 110-1/4. 3-1/2 p.c. War Loan 1952 100-5/8. Chartered Bank of I. A. and China 10-1/16. Hongkong and Shanghai Bank 89-1/2. National Bank of India 38-3/4. Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6.189.

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON, July 18. London, Australian Wheat 89-7/12 July-Aug.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, July 18. July 1.98-1/2. September 2.01-1/2. December 2.04. March 2.03.

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE

AMSTERDAM, July 19. The Bourse was disappointing today after Friday's firmness and prices generally were easier in restricted trading. Fokker was a firm feature improving further 10 1/4 points. Internationals showed practically no change.

FAST TRADING ON WORTH STREET

NEW YORK, July 19. (UPA). Trading on Worth Street was the fastest for Monday for some time and prices continued to show firming tendencies.

Although large textile houses were enjoying better business at higher prices for the first time in around a year, one trader said this may not mean a boom for any great length of time.

One house reported inquiry in the print cloth section for a substantial amount at 12-3/4 cents on 38-1/2 64/65.3 weight. The price turned down and subsequently goods sold at 13 cents.

In burlap, it was reported that there has been heavy speculative buying in Calcutta by large operators as far forward as March, 1950. There was also a fair amount of buying noted for the July and August shipment position.

Bedsread buyers reportedly sought substantial amounts of sheetings at higher price levels.

Special Ahmedabad Elec. New 44-8.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 19.

B. C. Rates T T D D 1-5 15/16 Ready. B. C. Rates T T D D 1-5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready. London Banks Buying T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month. London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month. London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/s 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month. London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/s 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/s 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month. London Banks Buying 120 d/s 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/s 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month. London Banks Buying 120 d/s 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month.

New York and Montreal B. C. Rate T T Rs. 332 1/4. Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4. Banks Buying T T D D Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4. Montreal Rs. 328 1/2. Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329 1/2.

Paris Banks Selling T T Fca 8100. Paris Banks Buying T T Fca 8320. Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fca 79.

Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fca 125 1/2. Java Banks Selling T T D D Glds. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 83 1/4. Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 165 3/4. New York/London Cross Rate dol. 402 3/4 to 403 1/4.

London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4. London/Amersterdam Cross Rate Fl. 1068-70. London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tel. 40. London/Belgium Cross Rate Fca. 176 1/2-3/4.

London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36. London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 15.16-1/2 25.32. London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 128-130. London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 1068-70. London/Libson Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20.

London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02 2-4-4.03 1/4. London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 2-4-4.03 1/4. London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02.

London/Paris Cross Rate Fca. 1098-1099. London/Prague Cross Rate K. 201-202. London/Singapore Cross Rate Rate dol. 4.02 2-4-4.03 1/4. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fca. 1734-36.

London Discs 3 Mos 5/8 p.c. London Discs 6 Mos 3/4 p.c. Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money—Call 3/4 p.c. 3 Mos. L.p.c. 6 Mos. 1-1/4 p.c. 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c. Tone:—Easy.

NEW YORK CLOSING STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

NEW YORK, July 18. Texaco Gulf Sulphur 62. Tidewater Oil 52-3/4. Union Carbide 36-1/8. U. S. Industrial Chemical 21. U. S. Steel 98-3/4. Westinghouse 132-1/2.

Westinghouse Electric 20-1/2. Youngstown Sheet and Tube 61-3/4. Aluminum Corporation 49-7/8. American Sy 43-3/4. American Gas and Electric 46. Brazilian Traction 16-3/4. Consolidated Gas of Baltimore 61-1/4. Louisiana Land 20-3/8. Baltimore & Ohio (BID) 8-5/8.

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Special Ahmedabad Elec. New 44-8.

Cotton Futures Prices Work Progressively Higher

NEW YORK, July 18. Prices on cotton futures market worked progressively higher today but the volume was light on better demand for textiles and continued spotty crop news as supporting factors.

The market opened one point lower to 10 points higher and at the close the market was 12 to 17 points higher. Locals and commissions houses were on the buying side most of the session. Commission houses bought distant deliveries on the assumption that the 30-day parity loan will be extended another year.

Mill buying was also evident which was credited partly to covering operations against more active sales of print cloth and broad cloths. Scattered offerings that appeared came through profit-taking and hedging operations. Also favourable to the market was a report of further showers overnight in parts of Eastern and Central growth.

Private advices stated that the new Closing prices:

DELIVERY PR. CLOSE OPENING HIGH LOW CLOSE October 29.64-03 29.53 29.78 29.63 29.76-78. December 29.64-55 29.54 29.67 29.54 29.67. March 29.48 bid 29.50 29.63 29.50 29.62 bid. May 29.35 bid 29.35 29.51 29.34 29.51. New Orleans 29.78 bid 29.83 29.95 29.82 29.95.

DELIVERY PR. CLOSE OPENING HIGH LOW CLOSE October 29.53-34 29.55 29.70 29.55 29.68-70. December 29.47 29.48 29.65 29.48 29.62-65. March 29.40 29.46 29.54 29.45 29.65 bid. May 29.27 bid 29.35 29.54 29.24 29.65 bid.

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U. S. SEARCH FOR FACTS ON INDIA

350 Books And Monographs: Study Of Social Sciences

WASHINGTON, July 19. AMERICAN interest in Indian studies since the war has become broader and more pronounced, branching out into new fields, according to Dr. Horace I. Poleman, chief of the South Asia Division of the Library of Congress.

The reprinting of a recent article by Dr. Poleman has just been announced by the Library of Congress. The article, entitled "Middle Eastern Studies," deals with various studies of India made in the United States during World War II. Poleman, who has visited India, believes there has been a change of emphasis in the American search for knowledge of India. Before the war, he says, Indian studies were centered in philological research, literature, religion, philosophy and a few other subjects. Since the war, there has been a re-focusing of interest, particularly in the field of social sciences.

SOBER FACTS ABOUT INDIA

As a result of the war years, Poleman says, "the general public in America heard much more about India than ever before and got a different kind of information. Previously, Americans heard about India as a field of missionary activity and a land of exotic religion. Its cultural achievements were described to a narrow audience by students of Indian civilization in American universities. Much more emphasis then came to be given to the political struggle in India and to the future of India as a modern nation. The once-largely academic study of India was suddenly almost entirely supplanted by the reporting of sober facts."

Poleman outlines American interest in India by citing the extent of library and museum collections on India, special Indian studies at educational institutions, work done by institutes and foundations on India, publications and research on India. The vastness of American interest in India is demonstrated by the fact that "during the war not less than 350 books and monographs on India were published or copyrighted in the United States."

CENTRES FOR INSTRUCTION

Leading centers for instruction on India are the University of California, the University of Chicago, Columbia University, Harvard University, Johns Hopkins University, the University of Pennsylvania, Princeton University and Yale University, Poleman writes. These institutions have long offered courses on the ancient languages, literature and institutions of India. A number of other colleges also have courses on Oriental religions and philosophies.

During and after the war, courses on India were intensified. One example of a detailed study of India is furnished by a conference at the Princeton School of Public and International Affairs on "A Settlement for India." So many students registered for the conference, held during the first semester of the academic year 1945-1946, that two separate conferences had to be held to accommodate all who wished to attend.

One conference was on external affairs, with discussions on the question of India's political status, India's position in world economy, Indian nationalism and the future status of India. The other conference dealt with internal affairs, with discussions on the question of Indian unity, Indian economic development and the future status of India.

In other colleges and universities, and also in secondary schools, Indian studies are popular. Poleman writes. At Stanford University, for example, the programme of Pacific-Asian-Russian studies included courses on the masterpieces of Indian literature; the Indian mind; studies in Hinduism; Indian civilization; great myths; East and West; Buddhism; and the history of Indian philosophy.

Serious attention is now being paid to the modern languages of India, partly as a result of the Army's work with languages during the war. A doctoral degree was awarded at the

Women As Jurors

MADRAS, July 19 (PTI): For the first time, women will serve as jurors at the Madras High Court sessions which commence on August 1, it is learnt.

The names of 36 women have been included in the jurors list and of these three women have been summoned to serve as jurors at the forthcoming criminal sessions at the High Court next month.

University of Pennsylvania for a dissertation written on the Bengali language.

Institutions like the East and West Association, formed early in the war to create among Americans a better understanding of the people of the world, devote much time to India. The East and West Association, says Poleman, "pursued a vigorous Indian programme," consisting of lectures for teachers and the public, radio programmes, pamphlets, exhibitions, reading lists and organization of clubs throughout the country for discussion work on the East and West.

RESEARCH ON POLITICAL PROBLEMS

The Institute of Pacific Relations has published numerous books and pamphlets on India and sponsored discussion conferences on India, with the idea of developing the necessary research on the social and political problems of modern India.

The Watumul Foundation, incorporated by Gobindram J. Watumul to bring outstanding Indian graduate students to the United States for study and to promote cultural relations between India and the United States, has awarded a number of scholarships and teaching fellowships. Recipients of teaching fellowships give a course on India or Asia at American universities to which they are appointed.

Collections in some American libraries of Indian material are extensive. Poleman reports, particularly as far as literary collections are concerned. The Library of Congress has acquired a number of new books and has completed preliminary cataloging of its own Edition of Tibetan Tanjur and Kanjur. In addition to its own collection of Indian books, manuscripts and recorded music, the Library of Congress has microfilms of all known important Indian manuscripts privately owned in the United States.

Indian collections are exhibited in major American museums. The Philadelphia Museum of Art, Poleman notes, has a pillared hall from a temple at Madura. The State Museum at Trenton, New Jersey, exhibited the arts of India from 1500 B.C. to the late 19th century in 1944 and published a monograph description of the exhibition.—USIS.

Sabotage At S. I. R. Workshops

MADRAS, July 19, (PTI): The Madras Premier, Mr. P. S. Kumaraswamy Raja, told the Press Trust of India today that the Government suspected that the fire in the South Indian Railway workshops at Golden Rock on the afternoon of July 15, was due to sabotage. He declined to say anything further as the matter was under investigation.

It was estimated that the fire had destroyed electrical equipment worth nearly rupees four lakhs.

A group of scientists left Seattle, Washington on July 19 on its third annual study of how 1948 and 1949 atom bomb tests affected marine life on the Pacific Islands.

OFF TO BRING MORE TEMPESTS FOR R. I. A. F.



Some pilots of the R. I. A. F. left for U. K. on Tuesday to bring more Tempests for the R. I. A. F. (Left to right): Flt. Officer Amritlal Bajaj, Flt. Officer A. L. Michael and Squadron leader T. T. Joseph.

Beardless Wheat

NEW DELHI, July 19 (PTI): A new type of 'beardless' wheat suitable for cultivation in high altitudes and an improved strain of jowar have been evolved by the East Punjab Department of Agriculture.

Researches conducted on wheat at the Wheat Breeding Sub-station, Kulu, have evolved a new type which yields 125 per cent of grain than the indigenous type. It also ripens earlier than the local wheats of the Kulu valley. Its early ripening character is of particular importance to the farmers as it will enable them to bring home their wheat crop much before the onset of monsoon.

The new high-yielding jowar strain which has been evolved yields more fodder as well as bigger grain. The type has been successfully tested in various places and its commercial suitability established.

'DEVELOP SPIRIT OF EQUALITY'

C. P. Leader's Appeal To Anglo-Indians

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, July 19. Anglo-Indians must consider India their own homeland, adapt themselves to the new surroundings, change their outlook accordingly and learn to treat members of other communities as they would like to be treated, said Major Bernard, President of the C. P. and Berar Anglo-Indian Association presiding over the annual general meeting of the Association, to-day.

Major Bernard advised them to acquire a spirit of fraternity and equality. They must learn the "language" of the country and see that their children learn the language of the country thoroughly. They must learn to do without things which they were used to, and make sacrifices when they were asked to.

Major Bernard added: "India is still in the throes of change and in many cases, power acquired through the newly attained independence has gone to the head of some of the half-educated, half-baked politicians and inexperienced Government servants. Unfortunately, such intoxication, unlike the intoxication which is sought to be controlled by prohibition, is not evanescent. It is lasting and difficult to get rid of."

He however asked Anglo-Indians to recognise that they had a most important stake in the country. He appealed to them to enrol themselves as voters, as otherwise they may lose their citizenship and even their right to employment.

Major Bernard thanked the leaders of the country for the consideration they have shown to the community in the field of education and employment.

The Central office of the Communist Party of India in Bombay stated on July 19 that the news item recently published in the press that it had suspended the Provincial Committee of the party in Andhra is utterly false and has no foundation.



Squadron/Leader K. M. David and Flt. Lt. Randhir Singh.

STERN ACTION TO COMBAT REDS

Public Order Bill In U.P. Assembly

VEHEMENT SOCIALIST CRITICISM

LUCKNOW, July 19 (PTI).

MR. LAL BAHADUR SHASTRI, Home Minister of the United Provinces told the Provincial Assembly today that "the underground activities of the Communists in the Province are of the most dangerous character and stern measures are required to meet their challenge."

Mr. Shastri was moving for consideration of the U.P. Maintenance of Public Order (Amendment, and Proceedings Validation) Bill 1949 in the Provincial Assembly.

He said the Bill sought to re-enact the provisions of an Ordinance, which was recently promulgated, to ensure that the U.P. Maintenance of Public Order Act, 1947, might not be declared "ultra vires" on the ground that the Legislature was "incompetent" to delegate its legislative authority to the Provincial Government, as had happened in Bengal and Bihar.

He said that the conditions in the Province were undoubtedly more peaceful than what they were a year ago. "But," Mr. Shastri said, "the secret designs of the Communists called for extreme vigilance and a state of preparedness to combat lawlessness."

Mr. Roshan Aman Khan (Socialist) opposing the Bill, declared that the Home Minister had failed to make out a case against the Communists.

INDIA NEEDS U.S. HELP

Mrs. Pandit's Appeal

LOS ANGELES, July 19 (PTI-Reuters)—For some time India will be heavily dependent on outside help particularly from the United States. Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, Indian Ambassador to the United States, told thirty American financiers, stock-brokers and businessmen here.

She said the cost of imports from America last year exceeded the cost of exports by 250,000,000 dollars.

"Much of our dollar earnings were eaten up by the import of grains and we now stand in need of foreign investments to be able to import technical skill and capital equipment from abroad," she declared.

She said: "The new India will be secular, democratic state, providing equality of opportunity for all people irrespective of colour, race, sex or religion."

"In all these schemes, time is the essence."

"Asia is in turmoil and presents a threat to the peace of the world, India alone of all countries of the East today possesses a stable government. She has cast her vote in favour of democracy in no uncertain way."

"This is a challenge to co-operate in fullest measure in preserving democracy and securing peace for humanity."

Mrs. Pandit yesterday visited the University of Southern California, where she was greeted by several Indian students.

She was ending her Los Angeles visit today with a luncheon in her honour by 600 members of Southern California women's organisations.

The chairman will be Mrs. G. J. Watumul, wife of the Indian Philanthropist.

CHANDERNAGORE TREATY

Delay By French Deplored

CHANDERNAGORE, July 19 (PTI)—Mr. Deben Dasi, President of the Administrative Council of Chandernagore said today that he had requested the French Government to finalise a treaty for handing over Chandernagore to India by August 13.

Mr. Dasi said that Chandernagore was in a "post-referendum stage" and as it was no more a domestic affair of France. They in Chandernagore were simply marking time and awaiting the result of the international organisations between India and France. As a result of the referendum, France was pledged to sign a treaty and secede Chandernagore to India, he added.

Mr. Dasi said: "The unusual delay to honour her pledge will react adversely against France's prestige. I hope France has not turned bankrupt in world politics."

SHORE MAGAZINES AT PAKISTAN PORTS

KARACHI, July 19, (PTI-Reuters)—The Pakistan Explosives Advisory Committee yesterday discussed the question of constructing shore magazines at Karachi and Chittagong ports.

The Committee which met under the Chairmanship of Mr. Abbas Khaleel, Joint Secretary of the Ministry of Industry, it is stated, also discussed at length, "safety measures" in regard to shore magazines and scrutinized existing proposals in detail.

MIXED GRILL By Grumbler

SUICIDE is not a pleasant subject to contemplate. But it is a phenomenon of our earthly scene which no one can ignore—particularly in a crowded city like Bombay. In 1948, there were a 150 cases of suicide in the city and the year before only ten less. That means practically every second or third day there is someone in the city who is so tired of life, so overwrought that he or she decides to end of his or her own volition.

There are two philosophical attitudes on suicide. There is the very familiar attitude which regards suicide as an act of cowardice—the rash, unbalanced deed of a hysterical or excitable person seeking escape from the burden of life. The other is common to moments of agony and anguish when life seems so empty, stale and unprofitable that it seems the only sensible thing to do is to end the agony.

On a sober view, however, it boils down to a fight between the pressure of life and the power of resistance. Some people are endowed with enormous powers of resistance, others are more poorly equipped in this matter. In some cases, life conspires to create a cruel situation beyond the powers of the person's endurance. Suicide then seems inevitable. Suicide may sometimes seem a cowardly retreat. But it can also be a deliberate act of courageous determination, however unwise.

But there is not the slightest doubt that the mode of death chosen does provide some index to the personality of the suicide and the mental stresses to which he or she was subjected. The city Coroner's code has listed ten different modes of ending one's life. Here is the grim list: Cutting the throat, Drowning, Hanging, Stabbing, Jumping out of a window or building, etc., lying on railway lines in front of moving trains, Taking opium, arsenic or other poisons, Shooting, Burning and Knocking one's head against a wall.

The last, I suppose, is peculiarly Indian. There are other forms of suicide such as the ghastly Harakiri, or disembowelling known to Japan, or that of falling on one's own sword of which we hear so much in the history and legends of ancient Greece. It is something of an index of national character that during the last two years, for instance, nobody in Bombay has thought of cutting his own throat or of knocking his head against a wall. Even when we deliberately embrace death, we do it softly. That is why perhaps the largest number of people took their lives by poison or drowning.

If other, more gruesome and more spectacular modes of suicide are not easy to get poison that will kill quickly and efficiently and also because the grimmer forms of suicide hold some morbid appeal to that state of mind which ends in suicide.

RACE RIOT IN LONDON Five Injured

LONDON, July 19, (U. P. A.): Five persons were injured and 17 arrested early on Tuesday in a three-hour race riot which 100 policemen stood off 1,000 white men attacking a Negro workers' hotel on the Thames riverfront.

Three policemen were injured and two Negroes hospitalized in serious injuries. Ten Nigerian workers and seven white men were arrested during the battle.

The riot climaxed a series of fist fights that sent London's police racing into the Deptford area, along the Thames riverfront almost nightly during the past month. It was described as London's most violent race riot in years.

Police are not certain just what set off the battle. Whites claimed a Negro "put his arm around a white girl" or some Negroes started a fight in a cafe. The Negroes said the whites assaulted them.

BRITAIN CAN MAKE ATOM BOMB

Finality In Research Reached

LONDON, July 19 (UPA)

BRITAIN has reached a point in atomic research where she could produce the atom bomb if she decided to concentrate on the problem, informed sources said.

As far as is known, however, Britain has not yet made such a momentous decision. Almost certainly she will not do so until no hope remains of getting the know-how from the United States.

Discussion of British atomic research is not encouraged here at any time. That is particularly true at the moment when everyone wants to avoid anything that might be construed as involvement in the situation created by President Truman's secret conference last Thursday night.

URANIUM POSITION

Thus, there is considerable soft pedalling of such items as the fact that the Belgian Congo mines, which produce the best uranium for atom bombs, are British-owned and American contracts for the supply of this uranium expire this year. Nor has there been any comment on dispatches to British newspapers, notably the "Manchester Guardian," suggesting that Britain may have presented the United States with the delicate problem of yielding some of her atomic secrets or face possible loss of this most precious source of uranium ores.

M. G. S. COMMENT

MANCHESTER: The Manchester Guardian's said editorially on Tuesday that Britain is trying to make atom bombs and the decision to do so was taken a year or two ago because it was not certain that the United States would promptly enter into a possible war between Russia and Britain. Atom bombs would in such case probably have represented Britain's only salvation "while the United States shivered on the brink as on two previous occasions when Europe was in flames. Borrowing arms from non-belligerent America has not always been a speedy business in the past, even old destroyers."

MUTT AND JEFF—Now That That Is Settled—Where Do We Go From Here?

By BUD FISHER

